Doctrine of Particular Unconditionate

# ELECTION

(Before Time.)

Afferted and Prov'd by God's Word, against the Quakers, Papists, and Arminians.

In Answer to a Challenge given the Author, (by the Quakers) to make good (by the Scriptures of Truth) the above above faid Doctrine.

Wherein is evidently discovered.

I. That the abovefaid Doctrine, rightly underfrood and believ'd, (with Application to ones felf) is the great Enemy of Sin, both in the Heart and Life of a true Believer; and that which keeps the Believer from Despair in the deepest Desertion and Temptation.

H. That the Doftrine of Free-will and General Redemption, &c. is an Inlet to, and an Encourager of Sin; and which leads (in the end) to horrid Despair, under powerful Awakenings in the natural Conscience of an Unregenerate Man.

For there shall arise false Christs and false Prophets, and shall shew great Signs and Wonders; informach, that (if it were possible) they should deceive the very Elest, Mat. 24.24.

Wherefore the rather, Brethren, give all diligence, tomake your Calling and Election fure, &c. 2 Pet-

I. 10.

By Ja. Barry, an unworthy Minister of the Gospel.

LONDON, Printed for the Author, 1790.

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# READERS cation, by the alone Righte-

Courteous Reader,

Am to inform thee, that in
the time of the Popish Government, when Popery,
and Quakerism smil'd so (amicably) on each other, (as the
two Religions (if I might so call
them) which are negrest of Kin
of all the Religions (visibly) profess'd in these Kingdoms), the
People called Quakers sent me a

Thrasonical Challenge in Writing, (which was afterwards published in Print ) tooprove (from the Scriptures of Truth ) the Four Doctrines here following (1.) The Doctrine of the Refurrection of this fleshly Body, which Dies and turns to Duft (2.) The Doctrine of Justific cation, by the alone Righteoutness of Jefus Chails, facely imputed. (2) The Dedrine of Imperfection (in Sanctification in the most Mounified Believer, while in this World (4.) The Dodrine of Particular Unconditionate Election before Time. All mbich the Quakers do hiffly ( and peremptorily) deny, as by their Printed Book (against me ) doth evident -

#### To the Render

by appears of Their Challenge I was reformed to answer in Print, to ben the Winld Jean hat Hetero! does and Harsticet Principles that delanded ( and feducad ) Respectivela hold and teach for true Religion Befiden my Refolution (herein ) I obligid my felf by promise, to my Congregations, that I would (in the Strongel of Christ) prich the Bladder of their Blasphemous Fride, by proving (and making good ) by the Seriptures of Touth the above and Doctriner. For my Enconvagement ( wherein, ) my Congregation did (meanimon)by ) fand by me, refoloing 1 bould be at no other Charge (herebout ) but the Studying part Japen mas Bought, the Printer greed with; and just as she Press

Press was ready to begin, the Storm came fo suddenly on the Protestants in Dublin, that we mere foon foathered afunder. The Providence of God calling onus. to secure our Lives, instead of Printing Books. The reason why I have been so long silent in this Cause, is, the want of that help I had from my Flock in Dublin. If any generous noble Spirited Christians (who love Christ's Cause better than they do the Mammon of this World) will step in to my Encouragement, in supplying the room of my absent Friends, they shall (in a very fort time ) See the Four Do-Etrines above-mentioned clear ! up and made good from God's Word, (Manere all the Tesuitr al

cal Craft and Subtilty, whereof that People seem to be Masters)
The reason why I have singled out the last of the four Doctrines, rather than any of the other three, to discover and consulte the Quakers pernicious Heterodoxy (in the foundation Principles of true Christianity) in tme-fold.

First, because that in denying and opposing the Dockrine of particular, unconditionate Election (before time) they do manifostly Rob God of his Soveraignty and Fraise.

Secondly, became of the Natural tendency, which the demial of this Dectrine of a particular, unconditionate Election (before time) and the helding and propayating

pagating its contrary, (viz.) The Doctrine of Free Will to good (in every Man) of General Redemption, and a Temporary, Conditional Election, with falling from Grace; bath to encourage Men in Living a licentions, loose Life; and to necessitate Mens final despair of Salvation, when the Naural Conscience (in Unregenerate Men) comes to be under powerful Awakenings, for Sin committed against the Law of God.

That I do the Quakers no wrong, in charging them with Robbing God and encouraging Men to Live in Sin; as also their laying a Foundation for Mens despair of ever being saved in their way of Conditional and

and Temporary Election, will evidently appear to him who reads and compares with Gods. revealed Will, what is discovered in this small Tract: And in case any noble Spirited Christians will but encourage the Work (as already hinted ) I do not so much as doubt, but that the Spirit of God will enable me to demonstrate (from Gods own Word) that the Quakers in denying the Resurrection of the Body, and the Justification of a Sinner, by the alone Righteonsness of the Son of God, (freely imputed) without any regard had to any Qualifications inhering in the Person of the Sinner Justified, do deny all sound and saving Religion; And as touching their Sinless

Sinless Perfection, (attainable in this Life) whereof they make such Brugs; it shall be made plain, that (herein) they both belye the Spirit of God, and contradict the experience of all suved Believers, both in Heaven and Earth.

as doubt, the shat the Spirit of Sod will enable me to demon-thate (from Gods even Word) that the Qualities in demying the Refurestion of the Body, and the Justification of a Sinner, by the salone Richtenfiels of the

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PAGA off O Sinner Juliified,
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Religion; And as tonehing their
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#### CHAP. I.

## Of Election before Time,

14. Gedbach chofen yes, Sic.

O D did before all Time, by his unchangeable Counfel, most freely, unchangeably, and from all Eternity, elect and choose unto himself (out of Lapsed Adam's fallen Posterity) a certain number of Persons, (which can neither be lessened nor encreased) to partake of his special faving Grace to Salvation, by Jesus Christ his Son, to the Praise of the Glory of his own Grace.

What I have now afferted (for truth,) if God enables me to demonstrate and make good by Scripture, as (I doubt not) he will, then will it unavoidably follow, (all the Wit and Malice of Men and Devils cannot overthrow it,) that God hath passed by, and Reprobated o-

In the Proposition now laid down, there are three things to be considered, in order to a clearing up, and making good the Point in Dispute. First, The

Act of God, and the Objects thereof, which are both held forth and intended in the Scriptures following, Epbef. 1. 4.

According as he hash chosen us in him. Jo.
15.19. I have chosen you, &c. 2 Thes. 2.
13. God bath chosen you, &c.

In the Scriptures now quoted, we have God Electing or Chooling, and then the Objects of his Election or Choice, (viz.) Particular Persons, on whom that Election of God fixeth, (viz.) Some parti-

cular Persons.

That God's Act of Election hath fixt on some particular Persons, not on all in general, as the Enemies of Election would fain have it, the following Arguments will evince.

Arg. 1, If God hath made a Promise of Life and Salvation to some particular Persons only, then hath he elected and chosen to himself a certain number of Persons, to whom alone (excluding all others) that Promise of Grace and Salvation shall be made good.

But God hath made a Promise of Life and Salvation to some particular Persons only, (excluding all others;) therefore God hath elected and chosen to himself a certain number of Persons, to whom texcluding all others) the Promise of Life and Salvation shall be made good.

That God hath made a Promise of Life and Salvation to some particular Persons only, (excluding all others) is evident and plain to fuch as ucknowledge the Scriptures of the Old and New Tellas ment to be of Divine Authority. Gen. 17. 7. And I will establish my Covenant between me and thee, and thy Seed after thee, in their Generations, for an everlafing Covenant, to be a God to thee, and

tothy Seed after thee.

Here the Judicious and Unprejudic'd der may plainly see, that Abraham ma his Seed were particular Persons, difind from all other Nations and People, which were round about him: And these it pleased God of his meer Soveraign Grace, to fingle out for his own peculiar Use, that they may be a Holy People, to bear his Name, and to give him a pure and spiritual Worship and Service, which should be according to his own Holy Institution and Divine Appointment: And that they may be made Partakers of the promised Inheritance, which was the fure Possession of the Kingdom of Heaven, of which the promised Land of Canaan, was but a Type and Shadowa

The

The People of the Jews was but a small People when God fixt his Love on them, and called them. Deut. 7.6, 7,8. For thou art an holy people unto the Lord thy God, the Lord thy God bath chosen thee to be a special people unto himself, above all people that are upon the face of the earth. The Lord did not set his love upon you, nor choose you be cause ye were more in number than any people, for ye were the sewest of all people, but because the Lord loved you: And because he would keep the Oath which he had sworn unto your fathers, bath the Lord brought you out with a mighty hand, and Redeemed you out of the hoof Bordmen.

The same Promise which was made to Abraham and his Seed under the Old Tenstament Dispensation, is confirmed by the

New and new for his own prompers

And evident it is, that as God chose and called Abraham under that dark Dispensation, with whom he entred into a Covenant of Grace; the Benefit of which was to be of equal extent to himself and his Children, even so many of them as were the Children of the Promise. So under the Gospel Dispensation God (who is a free Agent, acting all he doth in a way of Soversignty) saw fit to make known, by the Gospel, that among the Gentiles

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Gentiles also he had a select and chosen People, on whom he had decreed to conferr the Riches of his free Grace, through the plenteous Redemption that is in his Son Jesus Christ; and that pursuant to his own immutable Decree and Purpose, electing and choosing them before Time began. Alts 2. 39. for the Promise is to you and to your Children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call.

Here is that Promise formerly mentioned, which looks at Abraham and his Children, and also discovers the gracious Design of God, to make a certain number of the Gentiles actual Partakers of the self same Grace and Blessing.

The manner of the Apostle's exprefsing himself, is full of Clearness and Perspicuity, proving, that the promise of that Grace and Salvation is not designed for all and singular the Gentile Sinners that then were, or in after times should be in the Word, but he limits and restrains the Promise to a certain peculiar number, least Sinners should mistake the Apostle, and conclude, that because he had laid down an inversal Term, saying, And to all that are afar off, he (by way of Explanation) shews what the Spirit means by that universal Term, adding

even as many as the Lord our God shall call, in which he plainly shews, and invincibly proves, that none of the Gentile Sinners shall ever partake of God's fpecial Grace, but such as are (in time) effectually called out of a State of Nature to a State of Justification and Sanctification; the which is never granted to any, but in the Right of a Covenant-promife, which Covenant-promise respects that gracious Act of God, electing and choofing in Christ his Son, as many of Adam's Posterity, both of Jews and Gentiles, as his own Soveraignty pleafed, according to that of the Apostle: Rom. 8. 30. Moreover, whom he did predeftinate, them be also called, and whom be called, them he also justified, and whom he justified, them be also glorified. And our Saviour himself, in Jo. 10. 16. designs the Gentiles, whom God had in his eleding Love, given in charge to him, in those Expressions: And other sheep I have, which are not of this fold, them also I must bring; and they shall hear my voice. &c.

Arg. 2. If among the many thousands of People, who hear the Gospel Preached, but some (and that very sew comparatively) are savingly Converted, receive

ceive Mercy, are Justified and Sandified, and are made to Persevere in a course of Faith and Holy Life; then God hath elected and chosen only a certain peculiar number of Men to Life and Salvation.

But among the many thousands of People, who hear the Gospel Preached, but some only are savingly Converted, receive Mercy, are Justified, are Sanctified, and do finally Persevere in a course of Faith and Holy Life.

Therefore God hath elected and chofen only a certain peculiar number of

Men to Life and Salvation.

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There is nothing more evident than that the greatest number, even of those People, who are outwardly called by the Gofpel. do flight and contemn the Gofpel, and the Grace offered therein: Witness that of our Saviour, Mat. 20, 16. For many are called, but few are chofen. Luke 14. 16, 17, 18, 19. That Parable of the King, who made a great Supper, to which the King (by his Servants ) invited the Guests, notwithstanding which many of them made blind Excuses, and shifted it off. By which Practise in the Guests we are to understand, that great flight and contempt which worldly minded Sinners put on the Lord Jefus and his great Salvation, ( wrought for the Elect) B. 4.

Elect) which God offers in the Gospel, the which they undervalue, preferring the Accommodations of this perishing World, before that great and precious Salvation.

To this also pertinent is that of Paul, Rom. 10. 16. But they have not all obeyed the Gospel, for Esaias saith, Lord who hath believed our report? Rom. 9. 27. Esaias also crieth concerning Israel, Though the number of the shildren of Israel be as the sand of the sea, a remnant only shall be saved.

Now then, if among those many, who are Externally called, and the very many, who make a Profession, there are butver y few who savingly Believe, Repent, and finally Persevere in a course of Faith and Holy Life; then it is beyond all Controversy, that those few who so Believe, Repent, &c. are particular Perfons, whom free Grace elected to that state of Believing and Persevering; and the rest, who were (by far) the greater number, were left to inward Blindness and hardness of Heart, according to Rom. 11. 7. What then? Israel hath not obtained that which he feeketh for but the election hath obtained it, and the rest were blinded: According as it is written, God hath given them the fpirit of Numslumber; eyes, that they should not see; and ears, that they should not hear, unto this day.

Arg. 3. If God hath chosen Persons by Name, to be Partakers of Life and Salvation by Christ his Son, then hath he chosen particular Persons.

But God hath chosen Persons by Name, to be Partakers of Life and Sal-

vation by Christ his Son.

Therefore God hath chosen particular

Persons, &c.

The major Proposition is not questioned; the Minor or Assumption is secured by the express Testimony of the Spirit. Rev. 13.8. And all that dwell upon the earth, shall worship the beast, whose names are not written in the Lamb's book of life. Luke 10.20. Notwithstanding, in this rejoyce not, that the spirits are subject unto you, but rather rejoyce because your names are written in Heaven.

Philip. 4. 3. And I intreat thee also true yoke fellow, help those women which laboured with me in the Gospel, with Clement also, and with other my fellow-labourers, whose names are in the book of Life.

Argu. 4. If Jeremiah and Jacob, &c., were particular Persons Chosen and B. C. Loved

Lov'd of God before they were Born, then God did Elect and Choose particular Persons to Life and Salvation; but Jeremiah and Jacab, &c., were particular Persons, Chosen and Lov'd of God before they were Born.

Therefore God did Elect and Choose particular Persons to Life and Salvation.

That Jeremiah and Jacob, &c. were particular Persons, no Man of Sense will deny; that they were Beloved of God before the natural Birth, the word of God is full and express. Jer. 1. 5. Jer. 31. 3. Rom. 9. 11.

Argu. 5. If God knows his Electrom all others, before he calls them in Conversion, then hath God Elected particular Persons to Life and Salvation.

But God knows his Elect from all others, before he calls them in Conver-

fion.

Therefore God hath Elected and Chofen particular Persons to Life and Salvation.

That Gods Pracognition (or fore-knowledge joyned with his purpose of Grace to Save his Elect) goes before his a chually calling them in effectual Conversion, is beyond Dispute. Rom. 8. 29, 30, 2 Tim. 2, 19, Ja, 13, 18.

Argu. 6.

Argu. 6. If they who believe in Time, were, before their Believing, ordained to Eternal Life, then did God Elect and Choose particular Persons unto Life and Salvation.

But they who believe in time, were, before their Believing, ordained to E-

ternal Life.

Therefore God hath Elected and Chofen particular Persons unto Life and Salvation.

That Gods Præordination of Persons to Life and Salvation, doth preceed (or go before) Believing and Repentance; is plain from Acts 13. 48. And a many as were ordained to Eternal Life Bookieved. Rom. 11. The Election bath obtained it. Jo. 10. 26. But ye Believe not, because ye are not of my Sheep, as I said unto you. From which Scriptures it is most plain, that none do, or can (in time) Believe and reput to Salvation, but such Persons as are theretofore appointed by Gods gracious purpose.

Argu. 7. If the Term Elect doth fignific and prefuppole a Calling or Choofing fome particular Perfons or Things, out from among other Perfons or Things, then hath God out of fo many, Elected fome particular Perfons unto Eternal: Salvation. But the Term Elect doth fignific and presuppose a Calling or Choosing some particular Persons or Things out from among other Persons or Things.

Therefore, God hath out of many, Called and Cholen fome particular Per-

fons unto Eternal Life.

Argu. 8. If the Lord Jesus did lay down his Life but for a certain particular number of Sinners, then did God Elect and Choose a particular number to Life and Salvation.

But the Lord Jesus did lay down his Life for a certain particular number of

Sinners.

Therefore God did Elect and Choose a particular number to Life and Salvation.

That the Lord Jesus did lay down his Life for a certain particular number, is obvious and plain to him that can but Read. Fo. 10. 15. As the Father knoweth me, even so know I the Father; and I lay down my Life for the Sheep. With this accords that of Paul to Titus. Chap. 2. 14. who gave himself for us, that he might redeem us from all Iniquity, and purchase to himself a peculiar People, Zealous of good Works. Ephes. 5. 25. that and s love your Wives, even as Christ

alfo Loved the Church, and gave bimfelf

for it &c.

The Sheep of whom Christ speaks, can be understood to be no other but Believers, even such as Dy'd in the Faith before his Incarnation, with the Believers of that present day, and all who in time to come were to Believe in him: And these are the Souls who were by the Father committed to the Pastoral care and charge of Christ the Great Shepherd of the Sheep, as Sheep are committed to the care and charge of an under Shepherd.

For these Christ lays down his Life: To these, he (by his Spirit) actually applys the virtue of his Death: Over these he Watches: And to these only; (excluding all others) he gives Eternal Life.

That these were given to Christ by the Father, to be redeemed and brought to Glory, appears from Fo. 6039.

And this is the Fathers Will which hath fent me, That of all which he hath given me, I should loose nothing, but should raise it up at the Last Day. Fo. 17. 6. Thine they were, and thou gavest them me, &c. And Verse 2. As thou hast given him Power over all Flesh, that he should give Eternal Life to as

many as then hast given bim. A Markthis Reader? To as many as then hast given bim. This plainly proves that God did commit to the care and faithfulness of Christ his Shepherd, a certain particular number to be Justissed and Saved by him; and therefore not all the Race of fallen Mankind, as Papists, Arminians, Quakers, Free-Willers, &c.

vainly teach and hold.

Another Consideration, which is full of clearness, to convince and fatisfie any right in their Minds, That not Adam: Posterity in General, (as the Hereticks above named would fain have it) but a certain particular and definite number were Elected and Chosen by God, and by him given to Christ his Son, to be Redeemed and Saved; is Christ his refusing to concern himself for any others, in the discharge of his Office of Intercessor, as appears from Jo. 17, 9. I Pray for them, (that is, for the Elect, for whom he had undertaken as Wedemony and Surery) I. Pray not for the World, (that is, those of the World, who mere by God left in a Reprobate State and Condition) as is evident from fo. 17, 14. I have given them thy Word, and the World bath bated them because they are not of the World; even as I am not of the.

the World. Here are two distinct Partys described by Christ, the one is Prayed for, the other is not; the one is hated, the other hates; the very Practice of the latter denotes the Persons to be Children of another Father, distinct from those they hate. There is nothing more discovers Men to be the Children of the Devil, than their hating Righteonsness, and not loving those who appear to be Godly. 1 Jo. 3. 10. In this the Children of God are manifest, and the Children of the Devil; whosever does not Righteonsness is not of God, neither he that loveth not his Brother.

As Love to God, his Truth, and such as bear his Image, is an infallible Character of an Elect Child of God. Fo. 13. 35. 1 Fo. 3. 14. 1 Fo. 4.7.

So to hate God, his Truth, and fuch as bear his Holy Image, is the indelible Character of a Reprobate deligned for Eternal Destruction. 1 Ja. 3. 10.

The second thing in the Proposition to be considered, is the End and Design of God in that Act of his in Electing and Choosing, which is twofold. First, as it respects the Creatures Elected, viz. that they might partake of the Special Grace of God here on Earth, and of Eternal Glory in the Kingdom of Hea-

veh, through Christ his Son, according to that of Paul, Ephes. 1.4. According as he bath Chosen us in him before the Foundation of the World, that we should be Holy and without blame before him in Love. 2 Thes. 2. 13. Because God hath from the beginning Chosen you to Salvation, through Sanctification of the Spirit and Belief of the Truth. Vers. 14. Whereunto be called you by our Gospel, to the obtaining of the Glory of the Lord Jesus Christ. 1 Thes. 5. 9. For God bath not appointed us to Wrath, but to obtain Salvation by our Lord Jesus Christ.

Secondly, with respect to God, Electing, viz. That the Glory of his Soveraign, Free, and rich Grace, might be Extolled and Praised for ever, according as the Apostele expresseth it in Ephes.

1. 6. To the Praise of the Glory of his Grace, wherein he hath made us accepted in the Beloved. Vers. 11, 12. In whom also we have obtained an Inheritance, being predestinate, according to the purpose of him who worketh all things according to the Counsel of his own Will; that we should be to the Praise of his Glory, who first trusted in Christ.

The third thing in the Proposition to be considered, is to take Notice of

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Those Properties are in number three. First, God in Electing and Choosing some Sinners to himself out of the corrupted Mass of fallen Mankind, on whom he purposed to shew Mercy: He did Elect and Choose them most freely; there was nothing at all in the Objects Elected and Chosen, that could move God wherefore he should Elect one Sinner more (or fooner) than another; for as fallen into Sin, and equally obnoxious to the Corfe of the Law and the Wrath to come, were all the Sons and Daughters of Adam, lookt on by God, when he fixed his Electing Love on some, and actually rejected and passed others by, on whom the most High God, (as an uncontrolable Soveraign) purposed to execute the herceness of his Wrath for Sin. The reason or impulsive cause of this Difference, which the tremendous God faw fit to make between Sinners. equally guilty and obnoxious to the Curse and Wrath of God, is not tobe fought out of God himself. An Example and lively Instance hereof we have in Rom. 9. 1 which the Wife God hath feen fit should be recorded. on purpose to stop the mouth of Caronnida

nal reason, which is so wretchedly prone to Question (and Dispute against his Soveraignty over his Greatures. The Children being not yet Born, neither having done any good or evil, that the purpose of God, according to Election, might stand, not of Works, but of him that calleth. It was said unto ber, the Elder shall ferve the Tounger. As it is Written, Jacob have I Loved, but Esau have I Hated,

The Wife God foreseeing the purblind Reasonings and Cavillings of Carnal Mens unfanctified Brains, against the Doctrine of Gods absolute Soveraignty, in disposing of the Eternal concerns of his rational Creatures, fallen by Sin into a state and condition of Misery, through their own default; hath feen good (for the vindication of his own Prerogative) to make known to the Sons of Men, (and that by the unerring Wisdom and unquestionable Authority of fo great a Man as Paul, the great Apostle of the Gentiles) the reason of Gods Method in proceeding to Elect fome of fallen Mankind, to a state of Life and Salvation through a Redeemer, and Reprobating others, leaving them for ever to perish in that Sin and Milery, into which they did (without any constraint) wilfully plunge

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plunge themselves, to be no other than his own most free and holy Will, seeing that he alone is the undoubted Soveraign of the World, who hath an indisputable right to determine what to do with, (or how to dispose of) Sinning Rebels, without being (any way liable to the controllment of any of his Creatures, especially such of them as (by Sin) have forseited their very Being to the Divine Justice; and who (while in an unreconciled State) are not capable of knowing him, or of being subject to his Divine Law.

The good Will and Pleasure then of the Bleffed God, is the Source and Fountain whence the great Disparity between the Elect and the Reprobate World doth fpring, not any thing in the Creatures themselves, as Arminian Cavillers dream and conceit it doth : This will evidently appear, if the Reader will but (with a. becoming modesty and unprejudic'd judgment) read the whole Chapter at length, and (with fervent Prayer to God for the Wisdom of his Spirit) look narrowly into, and with fobriety confider the 11th. and the 16th. Verfes, where it plainly appears, that the two conceited Qualifications, of which the Enemies of Election are usually proud, and which they hold

hold and teach, are the procuring caufe of the Difference between the good and the evil Men on Earth, viz. the Free Will in Man, and the good Works which unregenerate Men, do but conceit they do : they are both met with, and equally difcarded by God, from having any room or place among the causes which put God either upon Chooling the Elect or rejecting the Reprobate. Mark the 11th. Verf. That the purpose of God according to Election might frand, not of Works, but of him that calleth. With this agrees Ephel. 2 8. 9. For by Grace are ye Saved through Faith, and that not of your selves; it is the Gift of God. Not of Works, least any Man (bould boaft. And Tit. 3. 5. Not by Works of Righteousness which we have done, but according to his Mercy be hath Saved w, &c. Vain unregenerate Man would fain perswade himself that he is worse than Threadbare Rags of his polluted Morality; negative and politive is a covering sufficient not only to hide his Ulcerous and plague Sores of Guilt and Vileness, from the pure and All-feeing Eyes of an Infinite Majesty, but also to deck and adorn his Soul, fo as to bespeak him an Object fit for a Holy God to behold with delight: Oh horrid delufion! worfe than Frenzy, or Madness it felf; this being

being but a Temporary Malady, which may (by the use of ordinary means) be holpen, but that the Bane and Destruction of the Immortal Soul, which nothing but the despised Grace of God in Christ can cure; such miserably desuded Souls will not find it easy to believe, that to think so highly of their own Qualifications, is the greatest bar or hinderance which keeps them from Salvation. Read also (with care) Vers. 16, So then, it is not of him that Willeth, nor of him that runneth; but of God that sheweth Mercy.

Let the Adversaries of the Doctrine I am now vindicating, but consider that Man as fallen into Sin and Misery of his own accord, is the Object of Election and Reprobation; and let them (if they can) tell or shew me how a Natural Man in his Lapsed, Guilty State, can (possibly) either Will or Ad any thing, but what is (both for matter and manner) most vile and abominable in the fight of that God, who is Purity and Holiness it self in the Abstract.

And if so, wherefore then should the most Just and Holy God be conceived to elect Men for that which he can do not other than hate and loath, as the best Duties of an unregenerate Person, are both contrary to the Nature of God,

and also repugnant to his Just and Holy

When unregenerate Men talk and brag of their Duties and Qualifications, as that which must recommend them to God, and purchase for them a Right to the Crown that fades not away they, think, and speak as Men in a midnight Dream, not understanding what they fay, or whereof they affirm; and the head Spring of this their Boalting of their Qualifications, is the profound Ignorance and Luciferian Pride, which Iways their unrenewed Spirits, having never passed under the killing Severity of the Law of God, fet home on the Conscience by the Spirit of Bondage, to prepare them for healing by the Lord Tefus Chrift.

Until this Work of the Lord pass on the Soul, no Child of Adam can (possibly) prize the Son of God, or see himself to be utterly undone, till (with the Rich Man in the Parable) the unquenchable Flames of Hell discover his Misery to him, Luke 16. 23. From what hath been observed from the Scriptures now referred to, plain it is, that God, in Electing some and Reprobating others of Adam's Posterity, cannot (without Blasphemy) be said to elect or choose a

ny Man to a flate of Life and Glory, for any thing of good, which he forefaw, would be in the Sinner, fallen into a flate of Sin and Mifery: And therefore, if there was nothing of foreseen Good in the Creature elected, for which God had respect to him more than to another, it must unavoidably follow, that in God electing, (not in the Sinner elected) is the impulsive or moving Cause, (viz.)

His own Soveraign good Pleafure.

God (as hath been already observed) in Electing and Reprobating Men, looks on them as fallen; and guilty Creatures. who had wrought their own Milery, by their voluntary breach of his Royal Law. To none of them was the most High (any way) obliged. He might have fent them all to the same Place and Condition of the fallen Angels, whose Conduct and Example they followed, in rebelling against their Holy Soveraign. And which of all the Reprobates (now in Hell) will it avail, to dispose the Point of God's Soveraignty with him? or to enquire why or wherefore he hath left them in that fad and deplorable Estate of Sin and Mifery? Pertinent to the Bufiness in hand, is that Query which Augustin puts in his Book of the City of God; Qui fecit Reprobum? faith he, Who made the Repro-

Reprobate? to which he himself replies. Quis nife Dem? Who (faith he) but God? Again he Queries, Quare Dens fecit Reprobrum? Why did God make the Reprobate? to which he answers, Quiaita voluit: Because (faith he) it was his Will.

Again he Queries, Quare Deus voluit Reprobum facere? Why (faith he) was it God's Will to make the Reprobate a Reprobate? He answers the Cavilling Onerift (or Saucy and Pragmatical Enquirer) with that of Paul, Rom. 9. 20. O Home tu quis es, Qui Respondeas Deo? O Man. who art thou that Replyest against God?

If Augustin were now living on Earth, and should Read the Reply which Grevincovins (that Blaspheming Proud Arminian) made to the Query which Paul put to the called Corinthian, who excelled in the Gifts of God, 1 Cor. 4. 7. For who maketh thee to differ? and what hast thou, that thou hast not received? to which Grevincovin most Arrogantly and Blasphemously replies, I my self make my felf to differ. I fay, if Augustin were to Read this Arminian's Answer to Paul, it would not be difficult to guess at what rate Augustin would treathis losolency.

If the abused Grace of God changed him not before Death, it is most dread-Regro(25)

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ful to think, and seriously to consider, how little the Freewil and Learning, of which he was greatly proud, do now avail him at the Barr of the Great Judge; no doubt but he finds (in wofal Experience) what an Impar Congression (or unequal Match) he is, for the great febevah to dispute Matters with. Oh! that Men of his Spirit and pernicious Principle were Wise, to consider things aright before they see and feel their Folly in the unquenchable Flames of God's Wrath in Hell.

Let it be farther considered, how express the Spirit of God is in charging on Adam and all his Off-spring (withour Exception ) the breach of his Law, and (on that very account) accounting them all guilty Criminals, and unclean Polluted Sinners, who (by their voluntary Apoltacy) have forfeited his Favour and loft his Bleffed Image, wherein the Glory and Happinels of the Rational Creature confifted, as the Apostle witnesseth Rom. 3. 23. For all have finned, and come Share of the Glory of God. And in ver. 19. Now we know, that what shings foever the Lam faith, it faith to them, who are under the Law, that every mouth may be fropped, and all e e world may become gailry before God. The conclusion whereof

he fets down in ver. 20. Therefore by the leads of the law there shall no steph be justified in his sight, for by the law is the know-leage of sin: With Punt concurrs all the Prophets, and the other Pen-men of Holy Scriptures, setting forth the wreached Condition of all Mankind by the Apolitacy of Adam, the natural and sæderal

Head of his Children.

The Condition then of all Adam's Posterity being fuch, as renders every Sinner Culpable before God, and not only fo, but utterly uncapable of willing or acting the least part of that Duty, which God's Law repaires to a helping or recovering himself out of that his Misery. It is most plain and obvious to every enlightened tinder Randing, that by the Tenore of the fift Adam's Covenant, all are Born Heirs of the Curle and Wrath of an offended God; and are (by reason of that Spiritual Imporency, which is inflicted on Adam's Nature as a Punishment for breaking God's Lawy as (altogether) unable to believe in an Atoning Saviour, (when offered by God in the Golpel of his Grace) as they are to perform the Condition of that Holy Law of God, the Violation and Breach whereof hath Call and Condemn'd (at God's Barr) the whole Race of Mankind. Man's

is of himself, he can truly and justly blame none for it but himself. Gen. 3.

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This granted, it (unavoidably and by necessary consequence) follows, that God is most Just and Righteous in Scaling (to the day of his Wrath) with the black Character of Reprobation, that part of Adam's Postericy, on whom he hath (fixedly) resolved to Glorify, that adoreable and tremendous Attribute of his incenses atice, for breaking his Just and Righteous Law.

And where is the Man, who will undertake to prove God Unjust and Unrighteous, in case he had dealt with the Elect themselves, as he hath done with the Reprobates, (viz.) Seal them up to the Judgment of the Great Day of his Weath? God is Debtor to none of Adam's Children, unless to Dama and Forsake them for ever, for their (Devillike) Apostacy and Rebellion.

penfation of his, in Reprobating the greatest part of Mankind, and electing to himself (out of the fallen and corrupted Mass) some few of Mankind, on whom he pulposed to Glority the Richesof his Grace, through Christhis Son. He acts

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raignty, so that as the Reprobates cannot say they have not merited that Curse and Misery, which is like to be their Portion for ever, so neither shall the Elect be ever able to attribute their Salvation to any other Cause, besides the Soveraign free and rich Grace of God, which (had it pleased God) might have fixt its hold on the Reprobates, making them the Elect, while they themselves were overlookt and passed by.

For my own part, I must ( miously) confess, that I am so far from refles Aing on God, as (any way) Unjust or Partial, for dealing with Adam's Children as he doth, that I am rather afto. nish'd to think, that any of Adam's Apostate Off spring should ever escape that Curse and Wrath, to which they were all equally Born Heirs apparent. Ephaf. 2.3. And were by nature the children of wrath, even as others. This, this was the State and Condition of the Elect themselves, as they are the natural Offforing of Alam: But the Banner of God's free Grace, and undeferred Love and Pitty hath been (by the Arm of Divine Soveraignty) effectually displayed over them, when in their Blood and Wretchedness, even then when God fift

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first laid the Foundation of their Salvation in Election. According to Ephes.

1. 4. 5. 6. 7. and Ephes. 2. to the 10. ver. Well may every justified believer cry out with Paul, Rom. 11.33. 0° Babo: Ob the depth of the Riebes, both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! how unsearchable are his Judgments, and his ways past finding out!

In this bottomless Profundity Cor Depth) of God's Unfearchableneis, the Wit and corrupt Reason of Unregenerate Men, with all their acquired Parts, are: fwallowed up and confounded by reason whereof it comes to pais, that many times fuch as are admired for their great Reason and Learning, will not allow the Creator of the World that Priviledge, which they readily grant to a Man like themselves, (viz.) To decree or act any: thing but what their blind Reason and perverted Judgment can fee a Reafon for it. Oh what an Age do we live in !? wherein the Immensity and Unsearchableness of God is (on every occasion of Mens disputing Principles of Religion) called on to hold up the Hand at the Barr of those Mens Carnal Reason, who indeed have lost the use of right Reason.

whether they can, (with all their Mother,

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Wit, deckt and edorn'd with all their Academical Learning, ) Fathom the depth of the Created Ocean, or tell the exact number of the Stars, and what Influence they have on Humane Bodies? If they can tell how the Soul and Body of man are United? Or how the Bones grow in the Womb of the Woman with Child? With many other Secrets in Na. ture not only difficult, but even lmpossible to be found out by the Wit and Learning of Adam's Children: Witness the many Learned Philosophers, wherewith the World abounded, whose Wit: and Learning come vally thort in finding out and tracing the Almighty in his Works of Creation and Providence: From whence I Argue, A Minore ad Majur, From the Leffer to the Greater. If all the Mother Wit and acquired Parts and Learning of the Children of Adams could never find out many Secrets in the Works of Creation and Providence, how much more impossible is it for them, to find but the Almighty Creator himself Mens difficing Principles Indiffishers to

The Query which Zophar the Nammathice put to Job, will never be anfwered by any Creatures in Earth on Heaven any other way than in the Negative, John 1, 7. Canst them by franching w

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find out God? canst thou find out the Al-

And from what Source or Fountain Mens Atheiltical and Sawcy Reflections, on God, (for making such a difference between Adam's Children, in Saving but few (in Comparison) and Damning the rest) should spring, I cannot tell, unless from their profound ignorance of the Immense and Incomprehensible Perfection of God's Being, and their not owning and believing his absolute Soveraignty over his Greatures.

I Appeal to the Conscience of every

I Appeal to the Confidence of every Savingly Enlightened Man, who Reads this, whether this wilful and affected Ignorance of God, and their denying his, absolute Soveraignty over his Creatures, be not the very Portal or Door, at which the horrid Profanenels and matchless Debaucheries of this worth of Ages (which now lays the Kingdoms open to utter Raine) have entred the Stage.

This is that which the Devil and his busy Agents (the Romish Ichies) aim'd at when (in the late K. J. his Reign) they obtained the King's Royal Prohibition, forbidding Ministers, both Non. and Conto meddle (in Preaching) with the Doctrine of Election and Reprobation.

They well know how Subservient the Reeping.

keeping the People Ignorant of the Do-Crine of Election, would be to open the Floodgates to Profaneness and Debauchery, and (consequently) prepare England for a ready Reception of cursed and

damning Popery.

The denying the Doctrine of God's Soveraignty, in Electing and Reproba-ting Lapfed and Guilty Rebels, and teaching and maintaining, both in Fulpit and Print, Freewill to good in Unregenerate Men, as also the Doctrine of general Redemption is a Doctrine which is altogether Unfcriptural; and because of Mens Violence and Peremptoriness in Teaching and Propagating the fame, and their Obstinacy in refusing to receive and fubmit to the contrary Doctrine, which is according to the Scriptures and the only Dectrine, which designs the Deftruction of Sin in the Hearts and Lives of true Believers; and the Promoter of true Holiness: God most Justly punisheth such People with a giving them up, not only to believe the most Nonsensical Lyes, (for true Religion) but even to wallow like Swine in the Mire of the groffest Immoralities, even to an excelling the very Pagan World.

To illustrate the point I am now defending against the Quakers and Armini-

ahs, viz. That God in Electing fome and Reprobating others, doth Aft therein most freely, as an absolute Soveraign: Let them give me leave to put this Que flion to their Reason and Conscience, (fuch as it is) suppose that all the several Parties in the City, who differ in their Mode (or Way) of Worshipping God, should (in their respective Meetings, instead of Worshipping God) lay all their Heads, Hearts and Hands together, to contrive and carry on a Plot against the King and the Fundamental Laws of the Kingdom, with a full intent to destroy. both the one and the other to which Plot all the feveral Parties do (as one Man) harmoniously and unanimously agree, the Law condemns not only the Practice (as Traiterous and Treasonable) but Sentences the very Persons (all and fingular) who are prov'd to have had any hand in fuch a Plot, to a fhameful and cruel Death. not secordin

The Plot comes to be Discovered, upon Discovery, the King, who hath the Executive Power of the Law in his own hand, he considers the matter, and finding that all these several Parties, (whom he took to be Loyal Subjects) are turned Rebels; as most evidently appears by the unnatural Plot, lately engaged in by

them.

chem all, against both his Person and Government, for which, both he and they know full well the Law condemns them all alike.

The King, to whom the Executive Power of the Law belongs, according to his Protogative, he Nominates two Select Parties out of all the reft, viz. Quakers and Arminians, to whom he refolves to extend his Favour, ingiving to them his Royal Pardon; the other feveral Parties (diffialt from them) he refolves to leave them to the Sentence of the Law, to undergo the deferved Penalty thereof, for that how id and unnatural Rebellion-lwould fain know what the Dinkers and Arminians could object against the King of England, for passing an Act of Indemnty (or Free Pardon) on the People called Quakers and Arminians, and leaving all the other Parties to Suffer Death.

Prerogative, not according to Defert; for the Quakers and Arminians deferved Death as well as the rest, who are excluded out of the Pardon. My reason tells the that the Quakers and Arminians would be so far from charging the King with Injustice or Partiality, that they would rather found forth his Praise, for saving them by his Favour and Mercy.

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(60 way deferred) whom in thriffnels of Justice, he might have left to the Sentence of the Lamott of lellel san orientos

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And in calcany of the Griminals cone demped to Die, Thould offer to murmer against the King, for making such a Difference between his (equally) guilty: Sabjects, would not the Quaker and the Arminian both Plead the Kings Prerogative for laving themselves, when at the fame time, and by the fame Soveraignty he past by the rest; and shall the King of Kings be Disputed against and Resected on for Acting (in matter of the like, nature) by his own undoubted Precam to fall. (and that be Soveraign Coving

If any thould be to fancy and bold, asto demandia reason who or wherefore the King of England should leave seven on eight feutral Parties ons of his Royal Pardon, and extend the Benefit thereof only to two Scient Partiess who were both as liable to Death (by the Law) as the others the Animer is ready, it is the Kings Soveraign Willand Pleafure: to make the two Select Parties Nominated in his Pardon, Objects of his Pity and Mercy, and the rest to be the Objects of his incented Tuffice, to undergo that Death and Milery which they (by Kebeilion) brought upon themselves New((36))

Now in all this, hath not the Potter power over the Clay of the fame lump, to make one Vellel to Honour, and another to Diffenour? Rom. 9. 210

Reader, I pray confider, that the lump in the place now quoted, intends no other than Men and Women, whom God (the absolute Soveraign of the World). Decreed to Create: The making Vessels is Gods Greating Mankind with a purpose to permit their Fall.

His making one Vessel to Honour, and the other to Dissinour, is Gods Creating one with a fixed purpose to recover him out of that falten State, into which he was to fall, (and that by Soveraign Grace); the other he deaves to Die and Perish in that wretched State, into which he (of his own default) fell.

In this Procedure God is altogether free; heither can the Creature fo left by God, any ways reflect on God, as dealing unjustly or unequally with him; and the reason's, because God is under no Tye or Obligation to give Grace to that Creature, who (of his own accord) did abuse and throw away that stock of Grace, whereby he was rendred capable of keeping the Law of his Maker; and who by the Instinct of his vitiated and cor upted Niture, doth obstigately operate.

porded and tendred in the Cofpel. 1911

So that the point in Controver fy, baul tween me and the Adventables alreaded Named, is in this comparison propound ed in the Verse last quoted, lively fer forth; from which it is apparent, that! the defign of the Apostle is to prove that God (as the undoubted Soveraign of the World) who Acts what him pleafeth, and that according to the Counfel of his own most Holy Will, decreed to make fome of the corrupted Mals to be Veffels of Mercy, and of the reft Veffels of Wrath and that by Electing fome unto himfelf, upon whom he purposed to beflow his Love, with all the means tending to fit and prepare those Persons for Elected and Chofen, for the actual enown Counfel? Kowsvol that lo newo

Such as a Redeemer, to Die for them; Faith, whereby they should be made Partakers of that Redeemer, with all the saving Graces of the Spirit, promised in the Covenant of Grace, with final perseverance in Grace to the end; the rest (as bath been before observed) he left (or passed over) purposing to leave them in that wretched and deplorable Condition, into which they (causelessy) plung &

themselves.

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Neither is God therefore the capfe why the Reprobate is Sinful and Wicked, but his own Wilks which being left to its own natural feedem, did most freely and readily choose that which was by Gods Law forbidden, upon pain of Gods Difpleasure and Curfe.

The ferond Property in Gods AC of Election, is its michangeableness, and therefore, most deresin it is that he or she whom God hath once purposed to Love and Save, shall never finally (or totally) fall away from Grace, or misearing eternally, Pfelogg. 12. The Gounfel of the Lord Panders for dury that Thoughts of his Heavers all Generations.

What is Gods Election of some to Life Eternals (and the means leading thereto) into the Birth of Product of his own Counsel? Rome 9, 115. The purpose of God according to Elections must fland. And Oh! what an unspeakable cause of rejpycing is this very Consideration to that Man, or Woman; who find in themselves the Fruits (or Esects) of the New Birth, to think and believe, that they (in particular) are chosen to Life Eternal, by him who cannot change that purpose of his, wherewith he hath purposed to Save so poor and miserable a Singer,

as the effectually called Sinner looks on

Neither is the poor weak Believer to doubt, but that those 5ms and Backlide ings, both of his Heart and Life, for which he will be but too apt to sear and conclude, God will at length cast him off, were all perfectly known to God, even then when he Elected him to Salvation; notwithstanding which, God fixt his Love and embraced the poor Sinner in the Bosom of his irreversible Decree, when nothing of Loveliness, (but rather the contrary) appeared to the Eye of Gods Pracognition for fore knowledge) in the Soul, so pitche on by his Decree.

Whom God once loves with that Eleating Love, he loves them to the cold.

Jer. 31. 8. Mal. 3. 6. Jo. 13. 1.

Rom. 11. 29. And as Gods Ast in Electing is without change, fo (in the third
place) it was from Eternity; though the
work of effectual Calling and Saying
Conversion be in time, yet Gods decree
and purpose of bestowing that Grace and
Mercy on the Elect Sinner was before
time: So witnesseth the Apostle, Market,
13. 18. Known unto God are all his
Works, from the beginning of the World.

Ephel. 1. 4. According as he bath chosen
in him before the Foundation of the
World.

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World. 2 Thes. 2. 13. From the beginning hath God chosen you. Rev. 17. 8. Whose Names were not written in the Book of Life, from the Foundation of the World.

The Electing Love of God it is from one Eternity to another, as it did commence before time; so when time shall be swellowed up of endless Eternity, this Love of God (to his Elect; and chosen in Christ) will be (and continue) the same

for ever.

And therefore, let that Believer, who feels himself inwardly and frequently annoyed with those discouraging Fits of fickleness and unconstancy, in walking, with God (in the way of New Obedience) take Sanctuary here by Faith, applying to himself the sweet Benefits of these Properties of Gods Electing Love, filling both his Head and Heart with the. thoughts and fixed perswasion, that the Bleffed God, who is the Infinite Soveraign of the World, (who Alls all things. which pleafe h himfelf, according to the Counsel of his own Will) hath of his. own good pleafure chosen him a poor, naworthy, empty, nothing Creature, to be a Vellel of Mercy, (through Jesus Christ) to the Praise of the Glory of his own Grace: And that Love, wherewith God hath Loved him, it began towards. bim\_

him before he had an adval Being, yea, before the World was: And as that Love of God was fet on him before time began, so when time it self shall be no more, that Love of God to him shall still be endless, like God himself. Nothing more conduceth (under God) to Heart Settlement, in the ways of God, then to be well Verst in Understanding and Believeing, (with application to ones self) these Fundamental Principles of Gospel Religion.

And this one thing I defire the Reader to remember, and carefully to observe, wiz. That if there were no other Argument to evince and make good the Truth I have now afferted; than the Ardnous and Elaborate endeavours of Satan and his busy Agents, both in Preaching and Printing against the Doctrine of Election and Reproducion, it were sufficient. The Devil and the Pope know full well how destructive and pernicious to both their Kingdons, the bringing Sinners to the Scriptural Knowledge and right Believing this Doctrine will be.

And sherefore for preventing hereof, the Doctrine it felf must be exposed in the blackest hue, as a Doctrine which makes Men proud, secure, and caseloss of good Works, and which leads Men to loose

Living;

Livings and in the end to final Defperation: And as the Dodrine it felf is flot at by the Romife and Arminian Archers. to the most zealous and bold Affertors and Maintainers of it, pare fet out in the most odiens and black colours; which Envy and Malice it felf can devise : but maugre all the Craft and Envy of Devil and his most subtil and industrious Tools the Doffrine of particular Election (before time) is plainly held forth and afferted in the Writings of Moses, the Prophets and the Holy Apolles : And in ease Divine Providence calls to a fulfering Condition for defence of it, I do not doubt but God hath a Sealed number in these Kingdoms; (known to himself) who will be enabled to Seal the Truth of it with their dearest Blood. A

An Objection or two lyes in the way to be answered a before I can proceed to what remains behind

o Object and The Doctrine of parricular Election puffs Man with Priday Inguistry

Anfat. The contrary to this the Devil himself knows to be true.

and this Dodrine will be

For L doubte not but Satan bath made his Observations, that none of all Gods

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called Children, have more abounded with Homility and felf Abalement, than thosewho have had the highest affurance of Gods Electing Love: None but shafe can rightly admire and adore the Grace and Love of God in Christ Jesus, well

To me, who am left than the least of all Saints, is this Grage given, &c. crys that: great: Apostle of the Geneiles, Ephe f. 12: 8. This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all secspinion That Jefu Christ came into the World to fave Sinners, of whom ! am the chief I Tim. 1. 19. For I am the least of the Apostor, that am not works thy to be called an Apolite, because I Pore Secuted the Church of God. 1-Cor. 15. 9. But by the Grace of God I am what I am. Verf. 10. It is to be observed, that all mong all the Apostles, none was more highly advanced, (in refpect of extraordinary Manifestations and Gospel Reyes lations, than Paul was; and yet among all the Apost les none more abased : No greater admirer of Free Grace than the was; and indeed, not only Rant, buts others alfor both under the Old Testament, and under the New, whom Free Grace fingled out to be Veffels of Mercy: Thefes were still addicted to good of themselves in a way of felf Abasement and crying up the Riches of Gods Grace and Mency Elect, eyery ...

And herein I appeal (most freely) to the Personal Experience of every regenerate Biliever, (now Living) whether they do not find in themselves, that the nearer they come to know and perceive the Love of God to themselves in particular, the more vile they are in their own esteem; and the more the Sight and Sense of their own Nothingness grows and abounds, the more are they inwardly stirred up to Adore and Magnise the Riches of Gods Free Grace, who hath vouchsafed to regard such poor contemptible Worms, as they judge themselves to be.

Object. 2. The Destrine of particular Election cuts off the force and strength of all Threatenings and Warnings which are Recorded in the Scriptures, as a Curb and Bit, to restrain Men from Sin.

Answ. The ever Blessed and Holy of God, who decreed to elect and choose a particular number to Salvation, hath decreed also the means of bringing them to that End, whereof those Threatenings and Warnings scattered here and there in God's Word, are a part; the which the good Spirit of God makes (effectually) useful to work and encrease in the Elects

Elect, (called to State of Grace)the Filial and Reverential fear of God; as alfo so Caution them against all kind of Dectinings in the way of Holy walking with God, in the way of new Obedience to his Holy Commandments; the which God hath revealed in his Word, to be the only way, in which true Believers must go so an actual Possessing the purchased Inheritance, according to Pfal, 1. 1,2,3. Pfal. 119.1,2,3. Heb. 12.14.

Thefe Divine Threats and Warnings are (through the faving Influence of the Spirit of Grace) made a powerful Bir and Curb, to restrain the favingly Converted from returning (with Approbation and Dalight) to former (and forfaken) Folly, and not only fo, but to keep them more close to their Duty in a Gospel Dependance on Christ, their Mediatorial Head, for all manner of Supplies, till they come to Glory.

Those Threats and Warnings (if they were ten thousand times more than they are) will never curb or reftrain any Reprobate from loving and liking Sin.

Tis true, that (through the common Operation of the Spirit of God) fuch Threats and Warnings may for a time influence a Hypocrite to a keeping him from the External gross Act of Sin, and was in

a putting him on doing many things which are: (Morally) good in themselves. But Alass what will this avail, while the State of the Man is unchanged, and this Heart unrenewed w Sad Inftances hereof are Recorded in God's Word; witness Pharaok, Exod. 7. 4. and Judas Mar. 26. 15. Mar. 27. 5. with many other Reprobates, whose Names are lest on Record in the Book of God, who were neither restrained from Sin, nor yer kept back from running headlong to Hell, with this Bir in their Mouths. The Spirit of God (by the Holy Prophet) gives a full Description of the natural Difpolition of wicked Hypocrits, as touching the Incorrigiblehols of their Hearts, in going on in Sin, not only under God's Rod, but also under his favourable Difpensation, which (one would think) should win them to Repentance, Fer. 5. 3. Rev. 16. 9, 10, 11. Esa. 26. 10, 11. Rom.12. 4, 5, this W has senout I stone

Object. 3. If I be elected to Life evernal (before time,) I may live as I lift; I
need peither to Believe, to Repent, or to
use the means of obtaining Salvation. And
shough I live after the Elesh, I shall be
Sauled, being elected.

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Answ. To this threadbate Objection (which is commonly in the Mouths of all Cavillers against the Doctrine of Election) lanswer in two Particulars.

First. This Objection doth not (in the least) find any Encouragement from the Doctrine of particular Election (before time,) as will evidently appear by the Inseparableness of the End, and the means afferted and held forth in the Word of God, and constantly maintained by the Orthodox against Papist, Arminians, &c.

He who hath elected to Life eternal. he hath alfo elected to the means : fuch as, believing in the Lord Jefus Chrift, held forth and offered in the Golpeli: Repenting for Sinning against God; advancing in Holinels, and Persevering in the fame to the end: From whence ic plainly appears, that he who makes this Objection, is either wilfally ignorant not cin the least of understanding the Doctrine of Election, (seconding to Divine Revelation) or which is (unfpeakably ) worfe; an affected Caviller and a wicked Subverter of the Gospel. Suppose I should Query of the Papist, the Arminian, the Quaker, and Freewiller, (who are all agreed in opposing and de--Disail crying

crying the Doftrine of particular Election before time, and Perseverance to the end, whether they believe that God hath decreed, or absolutely determined in himself) how long he (or they) shall Live or continue in this World? The Answer will (undoubtedly) be in the Affirmative, (viz.) That God hath decreed (or determined) in himself, how long he (or they) are to live or continue in this World.

If then (fay I) you believe, that God hath decreed (in himfelf) how long you are to live or continue is this World, what need you to mind any of the Concerns of this World, for the Support of Humane Life? why will you so Insatiably cover the perishing Riches, and the transitory Pleasures of the present World, seeing God hath decreed how long you are to live?

The Answer again will be, he that hath decreed how long I am to live in this World, he hath also decreed and sin his revealed Will) commanded me to Exercise my Reason, and my other natural Faculties, in order to precure and make use of the ordinary means, such as Food, Rayment, Phylick, and the like, whereby (in an ordinary way) the Life and Health of the Body are secured and main-

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maintained. Here (in the Contents of the body) they are thosp and wisty renough, even to in controloing phop ands of the Children of God! But in the Concerns of the Soal they are as Comper and Freeroces, to they are found and rational in the other.

Purpose of Ballding a House in such or such a place, se cannot be (cariously) supposed, that he intends to Build with our Materials a therefore my Reason tells me, that in order to hotomplish that his purpose, he hathvallo purposed to provide all the several Materials acceptary for such a Purpose.

Qui ferid ville finem, avedia criam ad finem illum rendential ville in the who i in good earnest will the end, he allowiths the means leading to that end, he allowiths the means leading to that end, he allowiths the means leading to that end, he allow it its proper leace in the Doctrine of Election (before time,) I can understand no other Reason for it, than either because God hath judicially similar they should not be able to understand or believe this anialing Doctrine of Election before time, or the because God hath left them (as he did Pharaoh)

with the greater Acuteness and Stubbornness, oppose and with Rand his Soveraignty, in Electing some and Reprobating others of the same sallen and corcrupted Mass, and that before time,

I in the others. Secondly, As there can be no Argument more Cogent and Irrefragable, to evince and prove a Man to be either a Fool or a Madman, than his refolving to expect the Accomplishment of the end, (fuch as Building a House or Living in the World) without the use of the proportionate means leading to fuch ends; for there is no Argument which more Istongly proves a Man or Woman to be of the number of Reprobates, than to expect or hope to go to Heaven, in the continued and approved Neglect of Believing in the Son of God, Repenting of Sin, living a Holy Life, and Perfevering in the fame to the end of Life, or

Object 4. The Doctrine of Election before time, doth not only encourage to Sin, but it leads People to final Desparation, for prepenting of which, all imaginable care ought to be taken, to suppress and decry it.

Answ. To this Horrid and Blasphemous Objection I shall (in Christs strength) Answer in four Particulars.

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And First, I do boldly affirm in the Name of the ever Bleffed Trinity, That this Blasphemous Objection did (originally) spring from that Spirit which charged the Son of God with calting out Devils by Beelzebub, which (if I miltake not) is the unpardonable Sin against the Holy Ghoft, and fuch as peremptorily (with allowance and approbation) perfift in making and liking the fame, against the Doctrine of Election, fo plainly revealed and so positively afferted by the Holy Ghost; I am not afraid to declare and pronounce them the Children and Successors of those Pharisees (now in Hell) who vented that unpardonable Blafphemy against the Holy Ghost. Mat. 12, 24. 32. Let all Cavilling Adversaries who bring this Objection against the Do-Ctrine of Gods absolute and free Election (before time) have a care they be not found Ranked among those mighty Sinners, who in the height of their Wickedness. run themselves most desperately upon the thick Boffes of the Almighties Buckler. Job 15. 26.

Secondly. If the Doffrine of Election be such a dangerous Doffrine as leads to

D'2 Licentiousness,

Licentionines, and which (in the end) brings Men to Desparation. I would fain know how it comes to pass that the Enemies of this Doffrine are such Slaves to their Brutish Lusts, and why so many of them Die in Despair, when under powerful Awakenings and common Convictions in their guilty Consciences?

Thirdly, I do with greatest confidence and certain affurance (grounded on the Word of God, and backt with my own Perional experience) affirm, That as the right Knowledge and Believing of the Doctrine of Election (before time) with a particular application thereof to ones felf, is the only Doctrine that fets the Heart of a true Believer against all Sin and which secures and keeps the Believer from Desparation in the time of the deepest Desertion, and most violent Temptation; so the Dollrine of Free Will and general Redemption is a Doctrine which encourageth to Sin, and which necessarily leads to Desparation.

Here two things are to be demonstrated. First, That the Doctrine of Election (before time) rightly understood, and particularly applied by Faith, is the only Doctrine which engages the Heart of a found Believer against all known. Sin, and which fortifys and secures the

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Boliever against Desparation in the time of the deepest Desertion, and the most violent Tempeation.

Secondly, That the Doctrine of Free Will and general Redemption, is a Do-Brine which encourageth to Sin, and which (necessarily) leads to Desparation!

The first of these will evidently appear to him that rightly confiders and selfeve

the Particulars following.

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First, the Purpole and Delign of God the Father (in Electing) which was, That his Bled and Chosen, who were fallen into Sin and Mifery in Adam, their Natural and Fæderal Head, might be delivered, and (by frong hand) refcued out of that flate of Sin and Milery, and made effectual Partakers of that Liberty and Redemption, purchased by Christ his Son, the Sponios and Surety of his Elect.

Secondly, the delign of Christ (the Susety and Sponfor of the Elect) in the whole Work of Mediation, which he undertook to go through for the Elect (which his Father had choten in him) which was to purchase for, and (in time) to apply (actually) to the Elect the laving Benefit of that Freedom and Redemption purchased by himself.

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Thirdly, The defign and office of the Holy Ghost, which is to fancisty and renew the Souls of the Elect in effectual Calling, and to carry on and maintain the Work of Grace (begun in the Belie-

ver) to the end.

Fourthly, The design of the Gospel in revealing and discovering the Mistery of Gods Love and Grace to his Elect and Choson, which is, that Believers might (by virtue of Christs Death, savingly applyed) Dye unto all Sin, and that they might (by virtue of Christs Resurrection) walk in newness of Life before God.

Fifthly, The design of Divine Providence towards true Believers, which is, to purge them from the remains of indwelling Sin more and more, and to make them more and more to abound in Holy Conformity to Christ their Mystical

Head.

All these (as so many Lines in a Center) do meet in the Doctrine of particular Election, the which when the Believer seriously considers, and (by Faith) applys to himself, he is so far from being drawn either to Sin or Desparation thereby, as that he finds the quite contrary in himself, viz. an admirable Aversion and Repugnancy, to yield consent to the flattering Sollicitations of Sin, and an Anchor

chor hold, which powerfully keeps him from descending into the Darkson Valley of Desparation, which is (as I may fay) the very entrance into Hell it self.

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When the Believer is at any time attacked by Satan, his enticing Instruments. or by indwelling Correspon, to yield to the motions of Sin he fercheth Arguments against Sin from the Doctrine of Gods Election thus : Hath God from all Erernity fixt his gracious purpose of Delivering and Referring me out of that state of Sin and Milery, into which the Apoltacy of Adam, (my Natural and Fæderal Head) plunged mes and that by chooling out and fixing on his own Sen to be a Surety and Saviour to purchase a liberty, and to work out a perfect and compleat Redemprion for me; and shall I ? can I (with approbation) yield my full confent to grieve and offend this freely and this dearly Loving God ? I camor do it, neither can all the Craft and Policy of my Spiritual Enemies ever workame to a willingness to go back into that state of Spiritual Captivity, under Sig and Satan. from which the Grace of God (in Election, and effectual Calling) hath terms free.

Secondly, Hath Christ the Son of God, Qursuant to his Fathers Holy Decreed and Gracious Purpose, and in compliance

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with .

with so noble and glorious a Delign, as Restroning Captive Sinners, and reconciling them to his Fether) consented to become a Mediator for me, to work ou, a work of perfect Redemption for me that I might be set at liberty from the Laws Carse, from the dominion of Sin, and the Lifurnation and Tyranny of the Devil 2 and shall I consent to commit Sin against such bowels of Marcy and Love?

Thirdly, Hath the Holy Ghek, (who, in conjunction with the Father and the Son, had a Hand in my Election to Exernal Life) woughfafed to take an him the Office of a Sanctifier, to Sanctifie and Renew the Elect in effectual Calling, and who hath begun in me the Work of Special Sanctification, and will never (finally) leave me, till he hath perfected his Work begun in me; and shall 12 can I willingly grieve and offend that Holy Spirit, by whom I am Sealed to the day of Redemption? I cannot do it.

Fourthly, is the Gospel appointed by Father, Son, and Holy Ghost to be a Word of Revelation, to discover to me how the Heart of God, his Christ and Holy Spirit frond affected towards the E-left, (and toward main particular) from Eternity and total conly

only so, but that the same might be a rule of Direction to me (all my Days) to difcover the falls ways I am to shup and avoid, as also the Paths I am to walk in, in order to a pleasing the Holy Trinity, and coming sate to Heaven; and shall I? can't confest to abuse so sweet and excellent a Gospel? I cannot do it.

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Eifthly, Is the delign of Divine Providence (in all its various Dispensations to the Elect) and to me in particular, to purge Believers from the remains of indwelling Corruption, and to make them more and more to abound in Holy Conformity to Christ, their Mystical Head; and shall I abuse is by Sinning against it, and taking an occasion therefrom to be vain and secure in my Conversation? I cannot do it.

And as the true Believer is enabled, (being taught and guided by the Holy Ghost) to fetch Arguments against Sin from the five Sacred Topicks now mentioned; so is he (in like manner) enabled, being savingly influenced by the Inhabitation of the Holy Ghost in him, to fetch from the above Named Topicks, Arguments to keep him from final Desparation, in the most violent Hurrycane of Temptation which can attend on a deserted or an afflicted Condition.

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To evince and clear up this Truth, (for the comfort and encouragement of the Poorest Believer, in an Hour of sore Di-stress, when the Waters of Affliction reach even to the very Soul, to a sensible endangering the extinguishing the little Grace lodged in the Soul; let it be fea-fonably and ferioufly confidered, that the Believer when he finds Satan, his wicked Infiruments, and indwelling Corruption all conjunctly together, pressing and working his Soul within, to despair of Mercy and Salvation, he falls on Arguing from the fweet Doctrine of Gods Election thus; shall I, can I who am fecured of Life Eternal by the Gracious and Unchangeable Decree of the immurable God) despair of Mercy and Salvation, as Satan, the wicked World, and my own Carnal reason would have me do? I cannot do it. If it were possible that my finking Soul should drop (through the vety Jaws of Despondency) into Hell it felf, from thence would Gods unchangeable purpose of Grace fetch and deliver it:

Secondly, Shall I, or can I, for when Christ the Son of God hath undertaken (as a Sponfor and Surery) and for whom he hath wrought a perfect Reconciliation by his own Mediatorial Righteousnels, in which no Spot or Defect ever was, or

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ever shall be found by God, Angels or Men, despair of Mercy and Salvation, as a Devil, wicked Men, and my own Carnal reason would fain perswade me to do? I a cannot do it.

Thirdly, shall I, to and for whom the Holy Ghost is become a Sanctifier and a Renewer of my Nature, and who (by his faving influential Prefence) dwells in me, never (finally) to leave me till his good work of Grace begun in my Soul in effectual Calling, be compleatly perfected) despair of Mercy and Salvation, as the Devil, wicked Men, and my own Carnal reason would have me do? I can by no means do it

Fourthly, Shall I who have all the Iweet and precious Promites of the Golpel, of Gods Love and Grace to comfort and affore me, that God, Christ, and the Bleffed Spirit, will never, never fail or forfake me, despair of Mercy and Salvation, as mine Enemies would perswade me to

do ? I cannot do it- of an ineverte and

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Lastly, Shall I, (who have the Divine-Providence engaged for me, to uphold me to purge out the remains of indwelling Sin in me, and to forward me in conforming to my Mystical Head Christ, in Holiness, despair of Mercy and Salvation, as mine Enemies would have me? I not do it. This is the side which a brue Believer makes of the Dedrine of Gods Eledion (before time) while Paich (in the Believer) it in its right Exercise, none will stumble at it, (so as Exernally to Porish) but such as are not (by that Act of Gods Electing Decree) given to Chaile (before time) to be actually Recisemed in time.

Secondly, The Doctrine of Free Wills and General Redemption, is a Doctrine which encouraged to Sin, and which encouraged to Desparation I shall offer two things to confideration, for evincing and clearing up this for Truth the which I defire the Reader to weight

and confider without prejudice.

Pirff, The use which all unregenerate Men make of the Doctrine of Free Will; which said experience teacheth, is this eliminate fall experience teacheth, is this eliminate in an Attorning Saviout, I will believe in an Attorning Saviout, I will said on the work of Reformation, and thereby prevent my perithing by the descrived sugments of God, when I see my own time, and when I am thereto disposed; who sees not, (except one Spiritually Mind) how greatly this Doctrine doth encourage to Sin: For (sith the Carnal reason, as often it hath while I was in a state of Nature) if I do not return

return to God upon his Call and Invita! tion this Day, this Month, this Year, I fully purpole and refolie so do it the negets for Gods hath simplanteds in may Soul a Principle of Hoce With whereby! I am enukled to an fiver his Call, by Ree pencing, Believing and Reforming, the which when kelon (disough not so prefent) God will have Mencyon in and It thall be accepted, being fewered by that Generale Redemption provided for alle who for Repence Believe and Reform Woful and fed experience convincethy me, that many, God proveking Follys, and Vanitys of Fouth (in my Meast and Life ) have been indulged by this decesvings carfed Doctrine : Oh ! how often hath Caonal reason (within me) cryett out, when the common Motions of the Spirit of God hath touche my Confei ence, to call on me to convert and turn to God? I will Repone, I will Converte I will turn to God to morrow, to morrow: As Augustin confession of himself. he often put God off with his Free will Gras, Crat Domorrow, comorrow. Till at length he grew both afham?d and weary of his graceles to morrow, crying out to the Almighty (in the very hour of his effectual Convertion) Quam Diw Dow mine Clamato Crass Crase Quare Non Hom

Hedie Domine, &c. How long, Q Lord, ... Shall I cry to marrow, to morrow? Why, O Lord, should I not be Conversed this veryday?

And as an Unregenerate Man takes Encouragement from this Principle, to? go on in Sin, fo it leads him to Desparation: Of this alfo my fad Experience hath fully convinc'd me, as plainly appears by the near approach I made to Hell, (in my own Apprehensions) while I bordered to near the Confines of final Desparation, finding in my felf how vafily short my Personal Qualifications came of answering the Laws demand, as a Condition of Life and Salvation, I found that nothing could possibly quiet or fatisfy my wounded, despairing Confrience, but what doth effectually appeafe and fatisfy that Holy God, against whom I have to many thoulands of times offended, which can be nothing short of an infinite Righteousnels; which Righteousness can be had no where but in Christ God Man, and no way to be had but in a way of Believing, of which Myfery my blind and perverted Reason was as ignorant as a Beaft : And not only fo. but my Heart and Soul were Zealoufly fet against looking for Life and Salvation in any other way than that of Freewill and general Redemption. This

This Principle fo every way Quadrating with my Legal Frame of Heart, which was acted by no other Principle - But do and Live.

Here it might not be amiss or unseafonable (for the relief and encouragement of a poor tempted Soul, who (as.
touching this very point of Election)
may be walking in Darkness, having no
light of Comfort in his own Spirit) to
answer (or resolve) this needful Question. How shall a poor, bewildred, tempted Soul come to know, that it felf (in
particular) was elected of God before
time?

To this Question (about which many of God's called ones are not a little distressed in their own Spirits) I shall answer in three Particulars.

First, The way to know thou art eleded before time, is to go about it in aright way or manner. By this I mean,
thou art not to attempt to pry into the
Secret Counsels of the most High, concerning this Matter; knowing that secret
things belong to God, and to none else,
until he pleaseth to reveal them, Dent.
29, 29. Therefore in order to know this
Mystery (to thy comfort,) do as thou
wouldst do, if thou wert to bring both
ends

ends of a Bottom of Thread or Yarn to meet together, the way is not to begin. at that end which is hid in the very centre of the Bottom, but to take the end which is outmost and next to thee; and by thus doing thou wilt foon bring both ends to meet, whereas if thou go about is in any other way, (as by cutting or ravelling the Bottom (to haften the work), thou wilt but fret and wex the felf, and (which is worfe) thou wilt marr and spoil the work. Do not then attempt (as the Devil and Carnal Reafor would have thee) to climb up to Heaven, to inform thy felf of this Matter; God's Work must be done in the way of . his own Appointment; which is that thou begin hilt with thy own Heart. See, examine and fearch thy own Soul, to find out whether his Holy Spirit hath ever been at work there? The Caufe mult be known by its proper Effects; non the Effects by the Cause. 2 Cor. 13.5. Gal 6. 4. 2 Petal. 10.

Election (the thing thou would't fain be refolv'd about) is the cause (this is a Secret in God's Breast, which can be known by thee, no other way (ordinazily) but by its Essects, which are soith in thy Heart, and Obedience to Christ's Commands in thy Life and Conversati

on. If the Spirit of God hath called thee to embrace and close wish Christs held forth in the Gospet s and if the Fruits of that thy closing with Christ, do discover themselves in the Life and Conversation, thou half no Ground or Reafon to spection the Edection e tine what the Devil and thy Cannot Reason fuggett Afts 13 48. And so many an warm ordained so comment tifes betievedi For 10, at. Rus ge believe net, beganfe ye and? not of my heep as I faid unto you. In the Scriptures now quoted Election (10) eternal Life) is held forth as the Canfe of Faith, and Faith (or believing in Itfus) as the undoubted Fruit or Lifect of Election being war have A add it bak

Secondly, Ant then frequently temps: ted to doubt of, and question thine Election to eternal Life?

This is an undoubted Argument, that the Devil discens in thee the Fourts and Effects of God's electing have to the Penison, which puts him upon tempting thee to question and doubt of God's Love to these

Where the Davik knows he hathabeve full and quiet Possessioner, thesehe suggests, that the Manikagood Christ stime: His Faith is a good Eath, and God is his Father, and that he is elected and shall be Saved, notwithstanding he lives after the Flesh.

On the contrary, where the Devil fees and discovers the Fruits and Effects of God's Grace and Love appear, there he petters the Soul with Internal Suggestions and Temptations, to put the Soul on mif-believing, and questioning the Truth of God's Grace bestowed on the Sinner. Thou are but a painted Hypocrite, thou are none of God's Elect; it is in vain for thee to hope or expect to go to Heaven. Thus he dealt with the Believers Redeemer. Mar. 4, 3, 6, If thoube the Son of God, &c.

And if the Adversary hath done this to the green Tree, what will he not attempt to do to the dry? Like 23.31.

Thirdly, Dost thou find thine Heart (fixedly) resolved (come Life, come Death) to cast thy Soul at the foot of Divine Soveraignty, in the way of Duty, shunning all known Sin, and pressing after Holiness, resting entirely on the Grace and Merit of Christ, after Life and Salvation? Thou art to know, for thine everlasting Comfort and Encouragement, that no Reprobate ever was, or ever stall be able to do this. Time will discover.

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go on in the strength of thy God: Fear not.

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would of Reprobation bive floor

Y what bath been discoursed out of D the Holy Scriptures, concerning the Act of God's Election of fome to Life and Salvation by Jefus Christ, to the praise of the Glory of his own Grace; it unavoidably ( and by necessary confequence) follows, that the fame Soveraign God hath Reprobated (or Rejected) the reft, (not so elected) and that from all Bo) ternity, having decreed never to recover them by converting Grace, but hath fixed edly purposed for Sin to Damn them; and that for the Praise of the Glory of his own Justice. Nothing can be moreplain than that, if God hath eleded and cholen a certain number out of the whole corrupted Mass or Lump of fallen Mankind, in whole Salvation he hath purposed to Glorify his Mercy and free Grace by Jesus Christ, then hath he refuled

fused or passed by the rest, as will most evidently appear to all the parts of it.

The Decree of Reprobation hath in it four parts, to each of which I will speak as plainly and as briefly as I can.

First, God hash refused or rejected fome particular Persons, on whom he purposed never to have Mercy; this is most evident from the Scriptures following. To. 10 26. But ye believe not becanfa ye are not of my facep, as I faid anto yan. Rom. 11. 7 But the election bath absained is, and obe ref mere blinded. Rom. 9. 18. Therefore bath he mercy on whom he will have mercy, and whom he will he hardevel. In which Scriptures it is plain and confoicuous to every one (favingly). ealighteneds that there are two diffinct (or differing) Parties intended or spoken of some, whom Chris chose to himself, known and distinguished by the Term, Sheep, and others, whom Christ denys. to be for These are those intended in Man 25/32, 33 termed Gones, opposed to the Sheep of Chaile. Some, whole Understandings were favingly enlightened sp know the glorious Myfteries of the Covenant of Grace; in order to Salvation ; and others not at all-enightened, but... lese to abide in that spiritual Darkness and bolm

and blindness of mod, which they brought into the World with them. Some, whom God's powerful Grace mojfified and Toffened to faving Repentance, in order to Mercy; and others, whom God fees fit to harden, that is, to leave them to that Sin of their own, which hardens them. med amed on

Secondly, God bath from Eternity re-

jected or refuled thefe.

This is plain from the Scriptures following, Jude 4. There are certain Mon creps in unawares, who were before of old ordained to this Condemnation. Rev. 17. 8. Whose Names were not Written in the Book of Life from the Foundation of the World. 1 Pct. 2. 8. And a Stane of frum-bling, and a Rock of offence, even to them which stumble at the Word, being Disobedient, whereunto also they were appointed. From all which it is manifelt, that God did, ( as a just Judge ) purpose and decree to gape up the Reprobates to the obstinacy of their gion Mind, and their wilful Disobedience against his Son Jesus Christ; that so they might not only ripen themfelves for but even pull down the Judgments of God upon them felves.

Thirdly, God hath Decreed to Damn these Persons for Sin.

This is plain from the following Scriptures, Prov. 16.4. The Lord harb made all things for himself, yea, even the Wicked for the day of Evil. 2. Pet. 2. 12. But these as Natural brute Beasts, made to be taken and Destroyed.

Fourthly, Gods Reprobating some Persons from Eternity, and that in order to Damn them for Sin, is for the Praise

of the Glory of his own Justice.

This is so plain and obvious, that he who runs may Read it. Rom. 9. 22. What if God willing to shew his Wrath, and to make his power known endured with much long Suffering, the Vessels of Wrath sitted

to Destruction.

Against this Doctrine of Election, and Reprobation of particular Persons, the Quakers, Papists, Arminians, Free-Willers and others, who (in this point) are all one with them, object several things, out of which I will single out the chief and most material of their Objections, which to Ignorant and Injudicious Minds, seem to be of great force against the Doctrines now laid down; to which I shall give plain and clear Answers from Gods Word, to the end the Fallaciousness and Deceit of these Men might appear (open fac'd) to all Men.

Object. 1. They object, that to hold and affirm, that God hath from Eternity Elected and Chofen a particular number to him-Jelf out of the corrupted Mass of fallen Mankind, on whom he decreed (unshangeably) to shew Mercy, leaving the rest with a full purpose never to recover them to Life and Salvation, reflects on God the bigbest Cruelty imaginable.

Answ. To this (seeming) plausible Objection, I shall reply in the particulars following.

First, I have made it evident from Gods own Word, that God hath (undeniably) Elected a certain particular number to himself out of the corrupted Mals of fallen Mankind, on whom he (unchangeably) decreed to liew Mercy, leaving the rest (not so Elected) in that state of Sin and Mifery, into which they (voluntariy) run themselves.

Secondly, By way of Query; I defire to know by what Scripture (Divine) the Quakers, or any who are their Abettors in this point, can justify their bringing in Lyes to plead for God; or wherein doth it appear that his Truth stands in need of being upheld by the Figments of their vertiginous Brains.

Job puts fuch a like Question to his phree Friends, who all feetied to take part with God against binuseif. Job 14. 7. Will you fresh wickedly for God, and talk decenfully for him? Vers. 8. Will ge accept his Parfon? Will ye contend for God? Verf. 9. Is it good that he flould fearth you ont? Or as one Man mocketh another, do ve fo mock bim?

What do thefe (Heretical Pretenders to an infallible Spirit) less than mock God? who im pretence of making God more Merciful and Pitiful, than he himfelf hath revealed in his Word he will be, or than the Wicked in Hell will find him to be) firike at, and (audacioufly) dispote against the fuffice and Soveraignry of God.

These Pleaders for God, they Will (forfooth) have God to be fo tender, compassionate and kind, as to love all his Creatures with an equal Love; and (confequently) that to fix his Love on a fmell and particular humber, to whom his Special Grace and Favour mould be extended. and to pass by the greatest number, on whom to refolve never to fliew Mercy; is altogether inconsistent with the tender, kind and merciful Nature of God. Now, whether there Men do not, (in pretence of Pleading for God cause (as much as

in them lyes) both his Attributes, his Countels, and his Word, to claim and contradict each other, I leave to the judicious and imprejudic'd Reader to judge.

I demand from John Burnyears, and the rest of the Quakers, (who joyned with him in challenging me to make our by the Scriptures of Truth, that Do-Ctrine which I am now defending against them) why or wherefore God was to little and levere, as to confine those Angels which (of their own accord) fell from that state of Innocency and Blessedness, wherein they were Created to those Chains of Darkness, wherein they are to be kept to the judgment of the great day? and that without extending the Benefit of a Redeemer to them; was it because the Angels were not his Creatures? certainly they will not lay so; for without Dispute the Angels were in their Nature far more Glorious and Excellent Creatures, than was Adam and his Postericy in their State of Innocency.

Was it because Gods Arm could not reach to help and deliver them? they dare not say so; neither was it because God had no Bowels of Mercy and Compassion in him towards his Creatures: This cannot be supposed to be the reason; for (alass) this, (viz.) the tender and merciful

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eiful Nature of God to his Creatures (in general) is the Argument whereby they would overthrow the Doctrine of particular Election. What is the reason then did the Angels fall by Sin and Apostacy (Yes, they cannot deny it, upless they deny the Scriptures to be the Scriptures of Truth; and were those Angels (all of them) sent forthwish to Hell for their Apostacy and Repellion; this they cannot deny. Was not the least Dram of Mercy hearn to one of that numberless number which fell; they dare not affirm thete was, or ever shall be if they do, it lyes at their Door to prove it.

It then the reason why the Apoltate Appels are eternally lost, is not because they stood not related to God as Creatures, not because the Hand of God was not strong enough to prevent their sinking into Hell; nor yet because God wanted Bowels of Mercy and Compassion: The reason then must be, because the Glorious God did (before time) decree and purpose with himself, not to recover those Creatures whom he foreknew would causelessy Rebel and Apostatize from that state of Holiness and Happiness, in which he decreed to make them.

If then the Advertaries I now contend with, will acknowledge God to be Just

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and Rightcone in feeling the Angelus (which by Transgrellion tell flows assess to hew them Pavour more) I defice to be informed by what Law the Soverage Majesty of Heaven can be (justly) charged with Cruelty; for Saving Sur as final Remnant of Apostace Albania Offsprings feeling that Alban was (every way) as voluntary and free in Sinning against God; as were the Angels which fell.

Surely, had it pleased God, he might have cast both seem and his Children into the same Lodging with Believes, and his Apostate Train, there to enders (to endless Eternity) the Torments due to their Rebellion and Disbedience.

And in that God hath been pleafed to extend Mercy to any of Allama Posterity, it is meet Grace and Mercy (every way) undeserved, the which he was no way bound to shew to Allam and his Children, any more than he was obliged or bound to help or commiserate the fallen Angels.

If four Burnyent, or any of his Friends; (who oppose the Doctrine of particular Election) can prove (by the Scriptures) that God hath given (or is (by any Law) bound to give) Special Saving Grace to Rebels, who bave fallen by their (cause lefty) abusing and looking the Grace given them in Adam, their Natural and Fede-

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rel-Head; any other than what he beflows on his Elect, and that in the right of Election, I will readily inbmit and yield the Caule 11 well and informed by

Object. 2. The Scrippures of Trusbare express and positive in affirming, that the Salvation discovered and held forth in the Gofpel, u designed by God, (and offered by the Apostle) to all Men (in general) without any distinction or limitation of Persons, and therefore, to reftrain that Salvation to a finted number, is most injurious and wicand this Apoliace Train, there to encited

Anfin. These Cavilling Objectors do at a very case rate wrest and pervert the fense of the Holy Spirit, not knowing what they fay, nor whereof they fo rathly affirm, where they meet with univerfal Terms, from them they infer univerfal Principles, witness the Scriptures following, 2 Cor. 5. 14. 1 Tim, 2. 6. Heb. 2. 9. Where the Apostle faith that Christ Died for all; and that he gave himself a Ransom for all Men, and that he tafted Death for every Man: They from hence infer and Brongly conclude, (as they think) that beyond all Peradventure, the end and delign of Gods fendall in Allam, their Natura

ing his son into the World, and the Sons laying down his Life, was on full purpose that general Redemption might be procured for, and granted to all and fingular the sons and Daughters of lapsed Adam; and where the Apolite Perer linews that God is not willing that any should perish, but that all should come to Repentance.

They would fain perswade themselves and all others, that without any restriction or similarion, the Sense must be, that God wills not that any Singer should be Danneed.

And for (foolishly) fond are they of the General Redemption, which (from the fore Cited Scriptures) they highly conceit themselves able to demonstrate and prove against all Gain-Sayers, that they (with great care) set down the Terms All, Breary and Any in great Capital Lecters, that the Reader might observe and take notice

That those Universal Terms All, Every and Any, are to be restrained and similed to a particular and select number only, (which can be no other than that number which the Scriptures positively affirm, God Elected and Chose to himself out of the corrupted Mass; as hath been above

observed) is beyond contradiction.

of them.

The Objection copults of two Memhers (or Reanches) Early, the delign of Codin preparing and intending Redemption and Salvation for all Men in General Secondly, Gods commanding to Preach (or offer) it to all in general, without exception: On these two mistaken grounds the Quekers and the other Heretacks, who in this point join with them again the Word and Churches of Christ do ignorantly and fallely infer that the Benefit of the ferond Adems Obedience and Righteournels, as an Gods imputing and applying it) as extensive, as was the Disobedience and Rebellion of the field which (fay they) was to all the Postericy of Adam. The places of Scripture from which they draw this their Unfcriptural Interence, are those of Paul. Rom. S. 18. Therefore as by the offence of one, Judgmens came upon all Men to Condemnation; even fo by the Righteousness of one, the Free Gift came upon all Men unto Infification of Life, Heb. 2. 9. But me fee: Jesus, who was made a little lower than the Angels, for she Suffering of Death, Crowned with Glary and Hanaur, that he by the Grace of God Should talle Death for every Man.

The ground of these Mens looking themfelves in this Controverse, is their using Scriptures Scripture without Reason, and Reason without Scripture; the which whoever doth, will be sure to run himself and his followers into a Labyrinth of dark and uncertain Interpretations of the most plain Text of Scripture, whence comes (most commonly) Chymerical and Enthusialtical Notions, which are attended tas really) with a Satanical Energie, to deceive Earthly Minded People, as the true word of God is attended with a Divine Energie and Power, to teach and suite Gods Elect to the faving roowieege of God in Christ.

Here they feem (to the ignorant and unwary Reader) to have Scripture on their inde, when oppoling those who altert and defend the Doctrine of particular Election against these Universal those Scriptures above officed in which God feems to have intended the Redemption purchased by his Son, for every individual Son and Daughter of Adam, and that became the Term is down is Universal.

But now, these Men inhering in the bare Letter of the Scriptures, and laying aside the use of Reason, the which they hould make use of m distinguishing I eems) they themselves, and their poof deluded Proselytes look the true Scrie of the

the Scriptures, never looking farther than the bare Letter, never regarding whether they take the Sense of the Spirit with

them, yea or not.

And hence it is, that with such unbridled Licentiousness some Men do with highest confidence positively affirm, that the Salvation of the Gospel is burchased and intended for all, and lingular the Po-Sterity of the first Adam; and that an universal offer thereof is (accordingly) made to each Man and Woman: Whereas (indeed) when the judicious and unprejudiced Reader joins Scripture and lanctified reason together, accompanied with Self denial, and fincere and hearty Prayer to Gods Throne of Grace; for the obtaining from God the true lense of the Scriptures to much boalted of, he will plainly fee how egregically they are mistaken in both the one and the other; for neither doth God intend the Death of his Son for Salvation to any of Adams Children, fave those whom he Eleded, and (from Eternity) Chofe in Christ; neither doth God make fuch an Universal tender of it to all Men, as the Quakers rafily and boldly affirm he doth.

This lyes on me to demonstrate and make good against these boasting Univerfalists; the which, that I might do

to fatisfaction of the judicious and unprejudiced Reader, I shall propound my Argument dilemma-wife, thus? The Terms
All, Any and Every, on which they
ground their Unscriptural Affertion, they
are to be taken either in an Universal
sense, intending every individual of Mankind; or else they are to be taken in a
limited and restrained sense, as intending some of all forts, ranks and degrees
of Men indifferently.

If by the Universal Terms above named, some of all sorts, ranks and degree of Men indifferently, he to be understood, then the Affertion of the Adversaries is (manifestly) faile, and consequently the Doctrine of particular Election is true.

If by those Universal Terms all Men and Women without exception be intended, (as the Adversaries will have it) then must I be allowed to demand of them how any of utdams Children come to be Damned?

For feeing that God willed that Christ should Redeem all the Children of Adams who fell by his Transgression; I would fain know how any created Power can effect the hindering God as bringing about his own purpose, or frastrate the end and design of Christ; in laying down his Life; for (undoubtedly) if God should absolute.

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parpole the Salvation of every individual Son and Daughter of Adam. it is not to be qualfloaded, but that he being the Alfhodda, the Mighty God, every way perfect and all fufficient, would find out ways and means to effect and bring about his own purpose, seeing that he works all things according to the Countel of his own most bloly Will: As Rauli witnesses, Liphel, 5, 12

It is in the Work of Regeneration, as it is in the Work of the first Creation, Glostin bie Word wish a exerting then: fo that whenever, and whereever he lends forth that executing Voice of his Mighey Spleis, neither Devil non Self. nor any other Bremy on Impediment, whether internal or external, shell ever be able to give say flop to his intended Work: As the laped himself cells his. Chusch, by the Prophet Efer 430 13. Ten before the day mais I am has an there is none that can deliver out of my Hand: I will more, and who feat her in? Whom God in Justice and Righteousnels will Damn and Sentence to the Flames of his deferved Wrath for Sio, who can refere and fave them? Whom God in Soucreiga Mercy and Grace purposeth to fave and deliver, who san hinder or provent him? To, 10, 27. My Sheep (faith.

the Bord Jeffer bear my Veice, and I give unto them, and they follow me. And I give unto them Eternal Bife; and they shall never penish, neigher shall any Man plack them on of my Island. My Father which gave them, me, is pronger than all; and no Man is able to plack them out of my Fathers Hands. I and my Father are one.

Here the plain; that from the invincible Power of God and Christ, the cortainty of the Life, and Salvation of the

Elect, is inferred and proved.

That many of Adams Children are ale ready in Hell, and that many more will be Lodged there; the Scriptures affirm, and the Quakers cannot deny. How comes this to pais Reeing Godfif we must Believe the Quakers) designed a general Redemption for all Mankind, and than the Son of God laid down his Life to Ranfom them from the Curle and Wrath of God, due for their Sin, to fay that God willed their Salvation, but that their own Obstinacy and Wickedness hindred that his Will thould be accomplished on them 5 is (in effect) to fay that God did feriously and efficaciously will and purpose, that all the Children of Admit thould be faved; but indeed the great of part of Adams Policricy fell by the Pow-Diss

er of Same, and their own rebellious.

Now, whether to think or fay, that either the power of the Serpent, or the corruption in a Sinners Nature, can, or ever did, or shall overturn or prevent the efficacious Will of God, being accomplished, be not Impious and Blasphemous; I leave to every impartial and sober Rea-

der to judge-

Thus the first Member (or Branch) of the Objection appears to be rotten and unfound; neither is the fecond any better, which affirms that God makes a general offer of that Salvation to every individual Sinner in the World; the which if it be true, (as the Quakers affirm) they are highly obliged to shew how it comes to pais that the greatest part ofthe World (by far) should remain in Darkness, I mean with respect to the very external means of Salvation; the which God hath feen fit to deny to many. Nations in the World; to which alfo the very Letter of the Holy Scripture, bears witness. A few Inflances hereof Hay down, that the Reader may plainly. fee, how vain thefe foolish Beasters are in their Imaginations, who would fain impofe on all, that God doth love all the Cildren of Adem with an equal Love; and a and that the offer of his Grace (in general) is made to all, without any exception or limitation; wherein they prove themselves as false in their sayings, as they appear vain in their deluded imaginations.

They fay, and boldly affirm, that the tender of Salvation is made to all alike; I fay, they belye the Spirit of God, (in pretence of pleading for God) by whose Instinct and immediate Inspiration, they would make the World believe, they themselves (above all Men) are guided; and not only so, but they egregiously thwart and contradict the very Letter of the Scripture, which they seem to own and acknowledge to be Holy. True, and the Rule and Standard of Tryal, of all matters in Religion, wherein they and Christians differ.

For fatisfaction herein, let the Reader perufe, and with ferious confideration weigh in the ballance of Gods Sanctuary what is recorded in Pfat. 147, 19, 20, Hie sheweth his Word unto Jacob, his Statutes and his Judgments unto Israel. He hath not dealt fo with any Nation: And as for his Judgments, they have not known.

them. Praise ye the Lord.

Whether the place (now quoted, doth not evidently prove that when God choic called

called and fettled a Church unto his own peculiar tife and Service, to whom he gave his Word and Ordinances for a rule of Faich and Holy Obedience) he did not leave the other Nations of the Earth Cour of whom he chose his People, with a peculiar Love and Favour) in their Native Darkness and Blindness, is a matter to be enquired futo. That of our Savi-our in Nes. 20. 16. Many are called, but few chefen. Doth also give countenance to the point in hand: He doth not say. that alfare called, but many: In which Text there are three forts of Men offered to confideration. First, some who are not called at all. Secondly, some who . are called with a common or external Call, but not Elected. And thirdly, fome who are called, not only with the common and external Call, but also with the internal efficacious Call of the Spirit; and that because Elected and Chosen to Life and Salvation. Now, that thefe three forts of People were equally Beloved of God, and their Salvation equally intended; who but Children of Darkness and Deceit dare to affirm or believe? That of Paul (alfo) Atts 14. 16. God who in times past suffered the Gentiles to welk in their own way, Backs and confirms the prefent Truth : And doth not the Account

Account we have by In correspond with the most parts of the World, inform it, that the greatest part of the Nations have not be much as the Name of Jesus Christ among them, and even in these Kingdoms, where Lapery Seminianism and Quekexism provail. Doth not fad experience teach us down. deplorable a Condition the generality of the Kingdoms is in a stouching the far-ving Knowledge of I dus Chrift, or the proper means appointed by God, for the faving Discovery of his justifying Righte-ouspels to the Souls of Men a such as the pure and unmixed Word of Truth, Read and powerfully Preached to them, for calling them out of Darkoels into the marvellous hight of the Knowledge of God in Christ: For want of an Orthodox TeachingMinistry, these Kingdoms, (especially England and Iroland) are near. to a Harvelt ripenels, ready for the Sigkle, of Gods Judgments, through the affected Ignorance of the bord Jefus Christ, which reigns in the Minds and Hearts of the greatest part, even of Englands and Irelands Profellors; with the Occult and Spisicust Idolatry of Mens. Souls, whereby the Son of God and his pure Gofpel Worthin are that out of Mens. Hearts and Affections, that the Statutes

of Omri, and their Carnal fecular Interests might bear the fway. To which I will add, that Deluge of open Debauchery, and Atherfrical Oppression and Pro-phanels, which like a Land Flood over runs the Nations; the which, (if not very speedily prevented by those who have the Resorming Power put into their Hands by God) will pull down (from Heaven) fuch fore and defolating Judgments, as will make England with her Hypocritical formal Profesiors an abhorring to all Nations. More might be offered to confideration from Gods Word to the fame purpose; as the fad and deplorable Condition the Ephesians, Phi-Lippians, and other Countries were in, before the Apostles were fent among them.

The Ancestors and Foresathers of whom, God suffered to Live and Die like Bruits, and worse serving Dumb Idols, those Teachers of Lyes, serving divers Lusts, Athersts, without the knowledge or hope of God in the World, Ephes. 2. 1, 2, 3. To them God sent no Propher or Apostle, no Law or Gospel, which should be a means of Salvation to them, till God sent Paul to their Offspring.

Now, can it (in truth) be faid, that God did equally love and will, or delign-

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the Salvation of both the Fathers and their Poltery, feeing the means of Salvarion were deny'd to the fathers, and

freely given to their Posterity?

As touching the Learned (or rather Silly and Impertment) Question, wherein the Quakers defire to be refolv'd, (viz.) What Golpel of glad Tidings it is which I (and others, who hold the Doctrine of Particular Election) have to Preach to those, for whom Christ Died not?

An(w. This filly Question is grounded on a false Supposition, that Faith is required of all Men; the which I never taught, neither do I (now) own to be true.

For, I do not think or believe, that fach as never heard of Christ or who never had the means of knowing him, are required to believe, that Chris Died Recuteousness nucleates

Secondly, They are großly (if not wilfully) militaken, in thinking and faying, that I preis on all I Preach to, that it is their Duty to believe, that Jelus Christ Died for them all, without any limitation of Reftriction 1 I do not be-lieve, that those People, to whom the glad Tidings of the Gospet is Preached, deemer.

are any of them required absolutely (and without Restriction) to believe, that Christ Died to Redeem them. All who ever attended on my Ministry, and who are able to give a judgement, they will witness for me, that the scope and drift of my Preaching, is to convince and as waken Sinners out of their natural State, by opening up to them, from God's Word, the happy frales State, where-in God Created them in Adam, their natural and federal Representative, how they came to fall from that Happy State; and what the lad and wretched liffects of that Fall was to side the filend, and now is to all his Children in their untenewed State: This I do (instrumentally) by opening up to Sinners, the Senfe and Design of the Moral Law, which is to discover Sing and to Damn the Transgreffers of it before Gods to let Sinners know how spotless that Obedience and Righteousness must be, which answers its own Demand, in order to its justifying them at the Bar of a Holy God ... As allohow week and unable it is to help a Lapled Frankreffor. It points out and sequires Duty, but can afford no Ability or Strangth to do that Duty; And all this, is order to bring Dead Sinners to a light and fone of their need of r Ros 918

deeper. I about to make onem lenfille, that out of Chert, no life or Salvation is exer to be expected, and that would Christ the Son of God be received by tone Faith, they themselves, with all their threadbare polluted Morality, and all shale Advantages, wherein they blefs and count themselves Happy, are all no der the Curie of God, and Living and Dying fo; they must (as seriamly as God is Just, and his Law Haly,) look to be greenally separated from God and Christ for ever and ever. No Civility. goodness of natural. Fempers no More hity, no Zeal for that which shey take to be the best Religion, no learning or the ning Parts, whether patural of acquire no Riches on Greatness in this Mort being (by the Laws powerful Sentence)

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When I find, and penceive, that the Spirit of God hash (by the Law let home on the Confrience) brought the Sinner (with the Prodigat) to a lange of historic done Condition, when I hear him ergont (not in a rotary and formal sufformation which (God knows) is footment in the and talkion in this fleepy bly pocked tical Age) in the hitterners of his Souls Men and Bustories, when [half ] we to be Saved?

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Sweed ? I then open up (as God's Mel fenger) the Mystery of God's Covenant of Grace held forth in the Gofpel, wherein is discovered the Incomprehensible All-fufficiency of the Lord Jefus Chrift, to fave and reconcile to God the greatest and vilent of Sinners. I presently fall on directing and fending the poor fin-fick wounded Sinner to the Son of God, with his Wounds and Plague-fores, to be healed, preffing him to believe in the Son of God, but of whom no Salvation is to be found. Hereto I add the peremptory Command of God himfelf, that the poor defpairing Soul believe on the Son of 068, 2. 96, 2. 231 Mark 16, 16. By thefe Methods and Ways of God's own appointment, God is pleased to work faving Convertion and effectual Faith in the Souls of elect Sinners.

To what hath been offered out of God sown Word, to prove the Doctrine of Particular Election before time. I here fet down the Judgment of the most of the down the Judgment of the most of the fame. Not that I think the Word of God stands in any need of Humane Testimony, to help it out, but rather to show forth the sweet Harmony which is between the Holy Scriptures and the Saints of God, (in their Holy and Orthodox

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thodox Confessions of their Faith,) concerning the present (so much controverted and impugned) Doctrine of Election and Reprobation before time: As also to shame those (nominal) Protestants, both Non. and Conformists, who have so apparently turn'd the back upon their own Articles of Faith, whereby both the one and the other Party hath (not a little) strengthened the Foundation of the Jesuits hope of bringing England's Nack (once more) under the Papal Yoke: From which I heartily wish, and sincerely pray,

that God will ever keep us.

I begin with the Church of England, Predestination (to Life) is the everlasting Purpose of God, whereby (before the Foundations of the World were laid) he hath constantly decreed (by his Counsel seeret to us) to deliver from Curie and Damnation, those whom he hath chosen in Christ out of Mankind, and to bring them (by Christ) to everlasting Salvation, as Velles made to Honour. Where fore, they which be endued with so excellent a Benefit of God, be called according to God's Purpose, by his Spirit, working in due leason: They (through Grace) obey the Calling: they be justified freely; they be made Sous of God by Adoption; they be made like the Image

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of his only begotten Son Jeffis Christ they walk reflected in good Works and at length; by God's Mercy) they attain to everlating Pelicity. See 30 Articles of the Church of England. Articit 17th of Predefination and Elettion.

Secondly, The Confession of Paith, a-greed upon by the Assembly of Divines

at Westminster.

By the Decree of God, for the Manifestation of his Glory, some Men and Angols are predestinated to everlasting Life, and others to everlasting Death, 1 Time 5: 21. Mat. 25:44. Rom of 12.

These Angels and Men thus Predestinated and fore Ordained, are particularly and unchangeably delign'd, and their number is so certain and definite, that it cannot be either encreased or diminshed.

Those of Mankind, that are Predestinated unto Life, God, before the Foundation of the World was laid, according to his eternal and immutable Purpose,
and the secret Connsel and good Pleasure
of his Will, hath chosen in Christ unto
everlasting Glory, out of his meet free
Grace and Love; without any foresight
of Faith, or good Works, or Perseverance in either of them, or any other
thing

thing in the Creature, as Conditions of Causes, moving him thereunto; and all so the prasse of the Glory of his Grace.

As God hath appointed the Elect unto Glory, so hath he, by the exernal and most free Purpose of his Will, fore-ordain'd all the means thereunto, I Perit. 2. Ephes. 1.4, 5. Ephes. 2.10. 2 Thest. 2.12. Wherefore, they who are Elected, being fallen in Adam, are Redeemed by Christ, are effectually called unto Faith in Christ, by his Spirit working in due Scason, are Justified, Adopted, Sanctified, and kept by his Power, through Faith unto Salvation, I Thes. 5.9, 10. Tit. 2.14. Rom. 8. 10. Ephes. 1.1

Neither are any other Redeemed by Christ, effectually Called, Instituted, Adopted, Sandtified, and Saved, but the Electionly. Jo. 17. g. Rom. 8. 28. Ja. 10.

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The rest (of Mankind) God was pleafed, according to the unsearchable Counsel of his own Will, whereby he extendeth or withholdeth Mercy as he pleaseth, for the Glory of his Soveraign Power (over his Creatures) to pass by, and to ordain them to Dishonour and Wrath for their Sin, to the praise of his glorious Justice, Justice, Mer. 11. 25, 26. Rom. 2. 12. 2. Tim. 2. 19, 11 Feb. 2. 8.

See The Assemblys Confession of Fairb, Chap. 3. of the eternal Decree of God.

To this, the Church of Scotland hath fully agreed: With this also agrees the Articles (of Faith) of the Church of Ireland, in Bishop Usher's time. See those Articles: And Osher's Body of Divinity. Quest. What are the parts of Predestination? Answ. Election and Reprobation. 1 The 1.5, 9. Rom. 9. 13, 22, 23.

Quest. What is Election? Answ. It is the everlasting Predestination or Fore-appointing of certain Angels and Men unto everlasting Life and Blessedness, for the praise of his Grace and Goodness, 1 Tim. 5. 21. Jo. 15. 16. Rom. 9. 22, 23.

Ephel. 1. 4, 5, 6, 9.

Quest. What is Reprobation? Answ. It is the eternal Predestination or Fore-appointment of certain Angels and Men unto everlasting Dishonous and Destruction, God (of his own freewill) determining to pass them by, result or cast them off; and (for Sin) to Condemn and Punish them with eternal Death. Prov. 16.4. Exad. 9. 16. Ram. 9. 17, 22. 2
Tim. 2. 20. Mat. 25. 41. See Usher's Body of Divinity, page 91, 92.

The Church of France (in the 12th Atticle of the Confession of the Emile) that there words, (viz.) We best to the Golf, our of that "Corphism and reneral Chris into which all item Geresoland a daily from the phone (in the previous and immittable complety by the second of bit man. Goodness and identity by the second of bit man. Goodness and identity by the second words. Testing the rest in the familiary to he for more of them are better than septems. Second in them the Riebes of the Mairry, for more of them are better than septems, second is come of them are better than septems.

The Synod of Done in the 7th Canonidoth lay down this plain and clear Definition of Election, thus, (wiz.) Election is the inchangeable Parpole of God, by which, before the Foundation of the World, (according to the free good pleasure of his Will) of his meer Grace, he hath chosen out of all Mankind to Salvation in Christ, a certain and let number of Men, neither better nor more worthy than others; but lying in the common Milery with others, and fallen from original Righteon litels, into Sin and Destruction, by their own fault, or e.

And in the 15th Canon of Reprobation they fay thus, (vit.) The Holy Seriture doth manifest and commend and with a A old tout on the part of the series

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does tarther withels, I had not all lifes are slotted by these extend Election of side (viz.) Thate whom God (according to his free just, unreproved and amountable good Pleasure) decreed to leave in the common Milery, into which they had call chemistres, by their own rank, and not to hive so them faving Faith, and he Chrosens Conversion.

is were (shoot) endicts to inical all the Contessions and the Indenters of the Orthodox, (in all Ages) who have heldend (with an unlasken Confidence) manutain of to the Death, the very lame Faith, concerning the Doctrine of Election, an whom (with the Pen-men of Holy Writ) the frothy Assiman of the Age we live in, who are more Gratty, than truly Wife, do not ipareto calithe baielt Reflections, as if they were no way worthy to compare with themselves, for either Learning, Paris, of Piety. But whatever others think, for my part, I am neither affraid. nor esham'd to tell them, that the Advances they are daily making towards the Scorners See, is contemning and undervalping the bright fining ones gone to Glory; it is to me an invincible Argument.

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guments abe only of their same deliting of me firth Check by be t sticis priding in weather all of Vet a fitte Prograftick of their ove Del chion, when the overflowing Scounge turestened in Est. 18.) by court on Est 18. court on Est 18. court on Fallen Mannageneral Redemption, falling from Crace, with temporary Conditional Elections revived and find (in Est 18. by the Jefant Art; and propagated by too many Presches of the two Parties above mancioneth inverpedance of the court of the court interest in the court of t ved the anoth face stal Expedients, to lay England open to utter Ruine, chit ever those incendiaries of the World Could device. And indeed the poilonous Drugs (now mentioned) have to Ende mically overforead the Mation of the cannot fee how the Land can be called (man ordinary way) any other way, the by the Preschers of both Parties, ( who have imbible those pollonous? inciple and (by Preaching) converse them the fentinty finto the Heads and Affections of of the People) Vonitting up (by found Repeatance) those carried Principles, as formed have done their Doctrine of Parfive Obedience and Non-relistance; the which had they not done; the Land (before this time) would (in all probability) have ( 98 )

Papal Slaughten home. Vomining up, I fay, (by lound Repentance) the cirrled Principles above mentioned and labouring in Preachings up the Soul faving a Doctrine held forth in the 191 Articles of C. Elizabeth, wands the Affembly Confession of Baith, (on which they have for mamefully and apostatically mind the back) to undecrive the People, who (by their means) have been so fashly corrupted in their Principles, and (by reason of those Principles) so wretchedly engulsed in the Quagmire of Debauchery and open Prophanetics.

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blatt will prove their own, and the Naticons great Advantage, to endeavour (feafonably and Cordially) to Retrieve dish Compliance with the corrupt and rerting Humour of the two last Reigns; and that by founding (in their respective Polpits) a timely Retreat, and exhorting the People (with them) to scordial Reception of their Abdicated Articles of Religion; from which the Infernal Craft of England's Enemies, and their own fupiac incantelouineis have drawn them afide. In is (infinitely) better for fuch manifest Corrupters of the true Protefrant Doctrine, to own their Errors, and repent

repeat of them here, while the Gate of Mercy is open; and all true protestants Hearts and Arms are open, ready to resceive them; on their return from the Communion of the world and most pernicious of the Churches and poor Eng land's Busines, than to own and repent of their Errors and Prevarications in Hell a of which place fuch Mencannoc but known it is faid with infermio pulta Redempio : There is no Redemption or Returning from Hell. This the lubabicants of that place know (Experimentally, ) to their endlefs and pemedilefs Sorrow and Grief From which place, should it please the Holy Soveraign of the World, to fend the most Gigantick Disputers, Cagainst the Dadrine of God's free Election of particular Persons before sime) which are now Tongue-ty'd in that place of Torment, to London; to relate what! they know (by fad Experience) fince Death arrested them, they would be forced (I doubt not) to declare, that no Wit. or Parts andrural or acquired) no Conrage or Magnanimity of Mind, no Morality or personal Qualifications acquirable (by any of Adam's Children) is, or can be Armour proof against the Vindicative Proceedings of an Angry and a In revenging God against those Papists, Arminians,

mane, Societant, Fremiles, &c now in Hell, who (when on Earth) did bend all their Wir and Learning torna down and ridicule the Doctrinel am par Nipdicating at will be well for their forces fors, Twho are yearthis file Hell) if shis plain dealing with them prove an accas-on of awakening them, and putting them upon a ferious Confideration of the pre-fent State they are in, and the way they walk in that being favingly constinced. both of the Wretchedness of the one, and the Destinctiveness of the other. they may be driven (by a Holy Defnair of ever being faved in an purigenerate State, and walking in ways of their own deviling) to helich themselves under the shadow of that Mediatorial footless Righteouties of the Son of God, by a found Faith, and an Evangelical Ropestance, which the Spirit and Word of the ever Bleffed God affores me, is the only way to escape Hell and eternal Ruines which is all the harm I dare to wish them. and the greatest Enemies I have now Living, on boiled

I conclude my Treatife with an Apolo-

the Palpie) Anegy with your tholiacies to Fed which your Duties and perfound Quali-

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Angelie Indian to alter the Chille to Angelie In Indian to alter the Chille to Angelie of the London Ministers, by that Malecontent Party, which (Schiffmatically) leparated from the Church Longon Party, which of the 10 Co. 1 whereast I was the films in Co. 1 whereast I was the films in Chillen I was the child in Child I was the child I

of an independent Indement. 3 great Enemy to Mr. Bases, declaring, that Mr. Haster is Chim & in Hell, a Man who (openly) decitard, that Chille hath but two or three true and faithful Ministers. (in and about Lendow) who Preach Chill in I and, and who bid a publick Challenge to Mr. Williams (and all the Basterians) to dispute certain Politions held and affected by Mr. Baster, and (such as go his way, and (to add me more) one who is accumive fall Deciver of all the Duties of Hollness in a Challenge Life and Conventation, trying out, in moidstil)

the Polpit) Away with your Holines, to Hell with your Duties and personal Qualifications:

This Charge confilts of five branches or parts, to each of which I will speak as difficultively can and that without great Serious field and regard to Confedence as the Bar of the Great Judge.

ing an independency I have this to lay for my felt, finh the Congregational way (of Church Government) is the Principle which (according to my prefent, light) I apprehend to be nearest to the Platform of Golpel-Churches, planted by the Apostles, which to own and practile, I am (fully) convincid, is my Duty. For which, I humbly hope and charitably believe, none of my Brethren of the Problem of the Apostles of the Problem of the Problem of the Problem of the Problem of the Apostles of the Problem of the Problem of the Apostles of the Problem of the Apostles of the Problem of the Apostles of the Apostles of the Problem of the Apostles of the

Cherein) I do affirm (and that in thinh)
God knows I ive not I honefully and fairly acquainted my (now Reproachers, what I was in my Judgment, (as to this very Point) when they first discovered an inclination

clination to call me to take the Pafford.
Charge of their Souls: About this, they and I had feveral (occasional) Discourses.
Pro. and Com. for and against it; and inconclusion they (with the roll of the Covenanters with God, in a Church way) did own themselves fully convinced, that the Congregational way. (of Church Government) was (most certainly) the way of the Gospel; and as such, they freely closed with me. If what I have now alrested be deny'd, I shall (by Authentique Testimonies) make the same good to their Faces.

I come to the second Branch of the Charge, (viz.) My being a great Enemy,

to Mr. Burrer, &c.

In answer whereto, I politively affirm, that I never (in my Life) had any. Prejudice against Mr. Bazeter, save only to dislike and caution my Flock against some Notions of his, wherein I conceived him to be Heterodox in the Foundation Principle of Justification. I told my Auditory, as plainly as I could speak, that in mentioning Mr. Baster's Name, my design was not to meddle in Judging him, as touching his Eternal State, only what of Corruption I found in his Books, Lindg'd it my. Duty to take notice there-

easers (who had of theh Notions. Idid it (God and y Conscience knows) in Faithfulness to hill, and the Souls of those committo div Pirkoral Charge by the Great

Bur to by, that Mr. Better was Damin'd (in Hell,) I abhor the very hearing or thoughts of fach a thing, neither dates any one living (except a thingerized and brazen facts Sumet) to that ge fach a Stander on me ; 16 far was I from uteering fuch an uncharitable (I may fay infernal) Expression, that I plainly spoke the contrary, (as my judgment of frim) declaring, that I hoped Ma Busine was with Christ in Glory; and that lidare to think, no otherwise. As for what of Corruption, which is mire with his Writings I told my Auditory, I looke on that as a part of the Wood; Play and Stubble intended by the Apostle in a Cor. of fuffer the Bols in the Great day, mough he (himfelf) be faved; he holdng Christ the Foundation, firm and fredfto the end, as (in Charity) lalone he

The occasion of this States was the track times (in a Section) beneating the intell manner of time (in the cost). Preschenistes which came, and on manyon occasions to which came, and on manyon occasions to faide that a great many Preach'd prothe Pope: That a selection of confine the Manefision Others (faid in Preach on the Notaonal Hierarchy, and its interests infined
of the Kingdom of Chaile. Others there
be (fait i) who Preach any Mars, and oben
dience to his do, and hire, in the country
Christs Mediatorial species Kighteourness, for Judification and Life; so that (in comparison) it is (undeniably) true shae Christ bath but few who Preach vim and his immaculate Right confrole, as the only Meritorious and progusing copie of Indiffication and Salvation. This is what I faid (then) and truly like but fault res-tion to thick on fay, otherwise: I question not, but the Oschodox (in and about Landon) will readily Harmonize with me

sein Bus that I did limis the true Min

miters

militers of Christ to any certain (definite) miniber; or that I mentioned any Minibers Names (by way of diffinition) i reterly deny. And I have very good reason to judge it no breach of the Law of Cha-Acts to believe that the feerer delight of the Reporters hereof, Was to incense and provoke the Spirits of Godly Ministers; and their reflective Congregations against me. And (hereby) to prepare them for a more facil and ready reception of the other black and featdalous Reproaches, which were to be prought on the Stage, on purpose to do my buliness, as one of their Confederates was heard to lay he would do. Prome to the fourth Branch of the Charge, which is That I flouid bid a publick challenge to Mr. Williams, (and the reft of Mr. Pasiers followers) to Dispute certain Positions held (and go his way. 2000 it is (nelitagere)

To which Ereply, That this is as much as the reft, and did (Familyen imperproceed from the fame lying Spirit which Coined and Forged their other lying Stories against me; the defign whereaf, was not only to corroborate that their Delign (in its Foundation) but allo to draw over Mr. Williams (and ethers, whom they knew to be impatient to hear any Oppoaroflur

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fition given to any storious of the state sers) to them, to their and encourage them to break that Chinch whereof them felves were an Effectial part, and to

thenfelves were an Ellennal part, and to force my high from my station in C. to which cheft own Electing Voice called me. angle on to mo to meaning August

The occasion of this Slander Was tilus.
Folid one day (in Meaching lay down the Polition, with That an Elect Sinner is (in effectual Calling) freely full friend from all charge of Sin, both Original and Actual, by the stone Mediatorial Righter onthers of elle Pord Plas Christ, Freely impured by God; and that without any regard had to any Conditions performed by, or Qualifications inhering in the Perfour of the Sinner, las con Caules with Christ in Justification) This (laid 1) is a truth to clearly laid down and afferred in the Gospel, and to back'd with the witnels of Gods Spirit (in the Hearts of all affired Believers) that all the Disputers in the World, (who oppose the fame) will never be able to everthrow it, be their Wit and Parts never fo flarp and admired! And whether I be miffaken (herein) I freely appeal to the Judgment and Determination of all Orthodox Protion) are not must or less tainted

Controverse in Beligion, Lifer moleculary), professe Lacyer spake in thing, either in pront of the Pulpit.

The fifth and late Branch of the black that we stought in against me, was. Than I am an Maircrial Lageryen of all Religioncludes in the sie and Convertsion of a Christian : Crystag out (in the Pole air) away markeyear theking (; acc

The delign of my Agenters (in this) was to represent and expedit me as a cook.

Assistance, and to behould prove, were
the Acculation true.

Ant to let all who read this fire withwhat: a, viculent and malicious Spinio the Contriver and Prefence of this black Charge, (against me) was Acted 1 (here) horerely and confeientionly fer down the very Words I spake, from which, the occasion was taken to represent me in fach blacki Golours. The thing was abus, the Sub-ied I was oben upon leading me to differ-wer the flid and deplorable Condition the Poor Sinner is in (while in a flate of the regeneracy). It had there Emprellions, (while, delign and tendency was to amasen and convince the Sinner of his New

That white God far the Later of weight in the Conflictude of an unconverted distant it will (like the Aveogra of Blood) purson the Guidy Amner, till it office the Singer to Chaife, the early City of Recipely or till the Singer in Hodged, in Holds

To bringelie mouer home mere public timber wands charles, to an ambietodi Genstieum, bhousing (with Ahms) to soven the Sinner with the Fig. leaves of Self-rightenulosis, (both Negative and Politive) thereby to be infinish and the weds. I ackine I'd my felf to this Singer, in shefe worth, Time comine (delibert). Sinner to who are you mader the hours Anthe Sing houng to relieve and link aby folf whole wish the Condingal and Queli-fections, acific hands thou couldfringly and hends to the offended fation of God, for all the feednames of bis Righteons Line, know, and confider in the muft, then the hunte, and confider in the mult, show the Justice and Richtsons Law of Ged (whate servible Sensence (in the guilty Confrience) thou are now friving to fly and flushing this way of Works ) in is like a finis Creditor, who willines accept (Ifm Payments) any Crin, which appears fluor and deficients, sicher in Quantityon Quality . It will pour hean

hear of a Sinner's being fullified by any. Works, but fuch as are exactly Commenturate to lits own Just and Holy Demands. Now (faid 1) either fee that thy Conditions and Qualifications (whereunto thous trustelb for Life and Salvation) be spotless, and exactly commensurate to the Law's Demand; or in case they be not them away with thy Fig leaf Holiness, to Hell with thy Duties and personal Qualifications. I Look to the Lord Jesus Christ, (by an Eye of Faith) cast thy weary sinking Soul on him for Life and Salvation, or thou wile Perish exemply, Jo. 30 38: John 8: 24 m This is what I said (then,) Obrist knows I Lyenot, my

the Holy Ghoft.

When I have to do with believing. Christians, I press them to the Duties of practical Holiness and good Works, as if they were to be justified and faved by them. But still, with this seasonable. Cauriob, that Believers do never join their Works of Sanctification with Christ's justifying Righteousness in the

Gonscience also bearing me witness in

Work of Jeftification with the state of

Besides the black Charge brought against me, to which I have spoken by way, of Apology, mine Accusers (the better to palliate their own black and horrid Crimes).

Crimes ) charge me with Defectiveness in any Life and Convertation ; as subtraction in the practiting what I Preach To chart it is ply in four Particulars.

Ob lars : 11010 and 1000 (2000) largers Hapirift, By way of Concellion (or Grant) my Life and Convertition is not according to my Preaching with a lenfe Town it. Patrichambly Jacknowledge, (with hame and grief) that I find my felf vertity int of that Perfection (in Sandrication)
which (in Prenching) I profe (as Duty)
of the right and others, and the Searcher
of Hearts belt knows of how great an Concern it is to me, to reflect on the valt Disparity which 1 (sensibly) perceive is between what I am, and what I ought to be in point of Conformity to Christ, in-Life and Conversation, which lays me under an indispensible necessity of sub-scribing to that Video meliors problems described fequer of school and approve better things, but follow or encline to things which are worfer. And to that of Paul Rom , 124 Tendino G byoding & C.

Secondly, By way of Negation, if my Acculers intend and mean, thank give my felf up to a course of dislotte and look Living, or that I allow my felf in the

the approved Practice of any Immorality, which is incompatible with a Regenerate State, or which is inconfiltent with a Holy Possession; Labsolntely (through special Grace) deny the Charge, and do bid my Invidious Bespatterers (and all such as do (uncharitably) credit such malicipals of Reports of me) a fair and sober Challenge, to make good such a Charge against me, by any Ambentick Witness, which is not known to be prejudiced against me, (if not one or more of them) who have plotted to overtheow my Reportation and Ministry.

Thirdly, if those coming in living up to what I Preach and Profess, be a sufficient Warrant for Church Members, to preveniente and run away, (like Children of Belsel) throwing will the Yoke of Duty. (in the Church) I would gladly know how it is possible for any Churches to be kept up on Barths considering that the Instruments, by whose Ministry Gods fees fit to gather and Build up Churches, to fit them for Glery, att frail Men, not finless Spirits.

Formy own part, albeit I am far from pleading for any Sin, (though but the leaft lafirming) whereof either I my felfer

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or any other know me Gality. I must needs fay, that I never per nord find, that ever God the Father (in the Old Telfament, hier Cheist his Son (in the May,) did call or fend any to be freehest or Apostles, who were examples frontion personal Fallings; or who were ever an ble to live up (perfeshly) to the Daskrins they Preached to others: Yea, it is most evident, (to any intelligens steader) that a considerable part of the Canon of Holy Scripture is Occupant aboundiscovering, acknowledging and how comings of the Pen-men thereof; as the Legimed and Godly well know.

Fourthly, and Laftly, Supposing that my Brethren knew and could prove me guilty of as great Falls as ever any pardoned Sinner fell into; is is not the duty of Chutch Members, to endoavour my Recovery, by coming to me in the Spin rit of Meekness, and Brotherly Love, to call on me, and to fift me up to Rapentance and Reformation it knowing that the Holiest of Saints, (even those of the highest Attainments in Grace) while in the Body, are Obnoxious to the forest Ecopyrations; and by reason thereof.

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(and the remains of indwelling Corruption) are liable to the forest talk thereby, and are liable to the forest talk thereby, and the liable to the factor of the liable to the liable to

The Word of God provis, that fo to do is the findoubted Docy of Church Members one cowards mother, Levi 19th 17. Machon 19th God. 6 211 But this my Schiffmatical Brethren never did to men though never to earneftly Courted, and though never to earneftly Courted, and lovingly Entreated thereto pland that both in and one of the Pulpits As can be fufficiently provided need be.

Satan and his plotting Agents knew (fallwell) that the old Trade, Report and we will report it, Jer. 20.10. was the most likely and effectual way to accomplish their ungodly Design, which was to unchurch the Church, and (for fature) to render my Ministry useless. In order whereto the Pastor, must first be attackt, according to Zach 13.7. Smite the shep berd, and she sheep shall be scattered.

This Apology I thought not only Expedient, but my Daty to publish, for the true information of those, (especially Differting Ministers) who have (from the Character given them of me, by those if here intend) such in Prejudice against my Name and Ministry.

And to occasion their (feriously) confidering, how (every way) unbecoming the Gospel it is, for one Christian (especially such as are called to Sacred Office) to be open Ear'd, and of too credulous a Temper, in liftening to, and improving (to the great Prejudice of those, whom the Law of Charity commands them to love) any Reports, which looks like a Defign to blacken or stain the Reputation of a Brother, especially a poor Stranger, who (for Christ and the Gospel ) hath loft his All; and who (for witnesling against the spreading Errors of the times) is furrounded and belieged with Enemies of all forts. To frown on, and carry it ftrange to fuch, will neither please God, credit Religion, or help to make a dying Bed easy and comfortable, Exed. 22.21. Dent. 10, 19. Mat. 7. 12. Colof. 3.12,12, 14, 15.

Obsequium Amicos, veritas Odium

parit.

Flattery begets Friends, speaking Truth causeth Enemies. Compare Esa. 30. 10. with Amos 5. 10.